

**KISTLER**

measure. analyze. innovate.



**Analyzing and  
optimizing cutting  
processes**



## **Cutting force measurements in research and development**

High-precision measurement systems for metal-cutting  
production



### **Absolute Attention for tomorrow's world**

Kistler develops measurement solutions consisting of sensors, electronics, systems and services. In the physical border area between emissions reduction, quality control, mobility and vehicle safety, we deliver excellence for a future-oriented world and create ideal conditions for Industry 4.0. We thereby facilitate innovation and growth for — and with — our customers.



Kistler stands for progress in motor monitoring, vehicle safety and vehicle dynamics and provides valuable data for the development of the efficient vehicles of tomorrow.



Kistler measurement technology ensures top performance in sport diagnostics, traffic data acquisition, cutting force analysis and other applications where absolute measurement accuracy is required.



Kistler systems support all steps of networked, digitalized production and ensure maximum process efficiency and profitability in the smart factories of the next generation.

# Contents

<b>Fundamentals of cutting force measurement</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Overview of dynamometers</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Force and moment measurement</b>	<b>8</b>
Stationary dynamometers	8
Rotating dynamometers	10
<b>Cutting force measurement</b>	<b>12</b>
Milling	12
Drilling	14
Turning	16
Grinding	18
Micromachining	19
Application examples	20
<b>Products</b>	<b>23</b>
Stationary dynamometers	23
Rotating dynamometers	34
<b>Amplification, acquisition and evaluation — all from one single source</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>The LabAmp family</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Measuring chains</b>	<b>42</b>
Stationary dynamometers	42
Rotating dynamometers	42
Charge amplifiers	44
Data acquisition system with integrated charge amplifier	45
Data acquisition system	46
Software	46
Connecting cables, high-insulation	48
Accessories	49
Additional sensors for frequency analyses	49
<b>Kistler service: customized solutions from A to Z</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>At our customers' service across the globe</b>	<b>51</b>



Milling high-alloy steel with a Type 9255C dynamometer

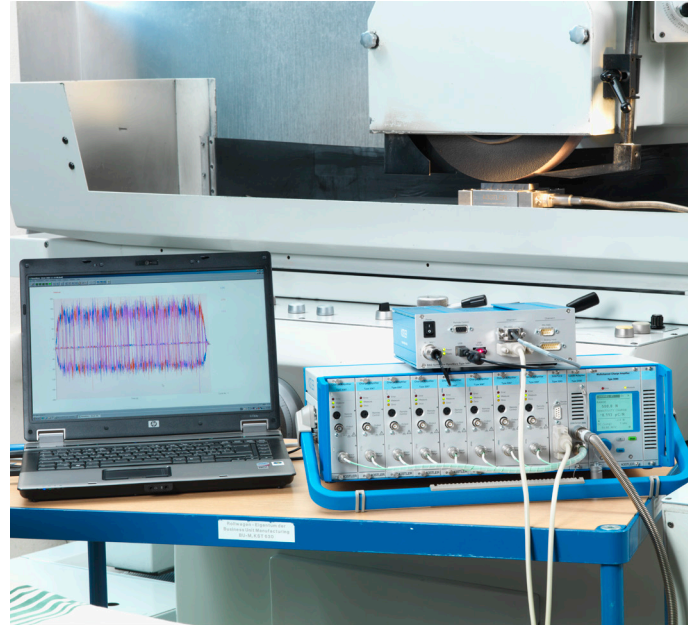
## Fundamentals of cutting force measurement

**Metal-cutting is still the most important machining process, and it provides the basis for technical products of all kinds. There has been a constant increase in the requirements to be met by cutting processes and the products manufactured with them, resulting in major changes to this method of production over recent decades.**

Regardless of batch size, the manufactured products are expected to offer convincing quality and they must be cost-effective. Detailed knowledge of cutting processes is essential in order to meet these requirements. Key indicators include the acting forces and moments: if they are not known, it is impossible to make any statements whatsoever about the quality of the manufacturing process. The highly dynamic forces that occur during a cutting process can only be measured and analyzed with sensor systems developed on the basis of professional expertise, for use in the harsh environments where machinery is operated.

### **Capturing highly dynamic forces in cutting processes**

Kistler's piezoelectric sensors record highly dynamic processes with optimum signal quality. They offer valuable insights into the actual process, providing the basis for reliable, productive and reproducible manufacturing processes.



**Development and assessment of tools and materials**

- Optimizing tools and clamping devices under real operational conditions
- Assessing cooling lubricants
- Determining the machinability of materials
- Verifying simulations and process models
- Highlighting unique product characteristics

**Process analysis and optimization**

- Analysis of cutting processes and targeted error/fault diagnosis
- Comparing and developing machining strategies
- Identifying unfavorable cutting situations
- Identifying unused potentials: tool edge life and productivity
- Identifying the influences of different material batches

**Processes**

- Turning, milling, drilling, sawing, screw tapping, broaching, hobbing, and many others.
- Grinding, honing, polishing, and many others.

**Benefits of force measurement technology by Kistler**

- High rigidity and natural frequencies enable resolution of individual cutting edge engagements
- Measurement of three force directions and torque
- Measurement range from micromachining to heavy-duty cutting
- Robust and resistant to coolants (IP67)
- Simple to integrate and handle thanks to compact structure
- Extremely long service lifetimes



# Overview of dynamometers















## Stationary dynamometers

A stationary dynamometer is often the connecting element between the machine tool's table and the workpiece. The workpiece is fixed on the dynamometer, enabling measurement of reaction forces in production processes such as milling or drilling. Stationary dynamometers can also be used for turning applications. In this case, appropriate machine adapters are used to position the dynamometers directly on the turret head. Then, the tool is positioned on the dynamometer with a suitable tool holder. Depending on the structure, the forces occurring are captured by one or more multi-component force sensors and are available at the dynamometer connector in the form of charge signals.



## Rotating dynamometers

Rotating dynamometers (RCDs) are inserted directly into the machine spindle via the spindle interface. The tool is mounted on the RCD with the help of a tool holder. RCDs are mainly used in milling and drilling processes. RCDs differ from stationary dynamometers in several ways: for example, only one multi-component sensor is installed in an RCD to measure the moment directly on the tool. As well as the sensor, the rotor contains the charge amplifier and the telemetry electronics. Near-field telemetry is used to transmit the measurement data to the stationary part of the measuring chain, where it is then made available in the form of analog voltage signals.

	Type	Measurable components	Temperature influences minimized	Turning	Milling	Drilling/thread tapping	Grinding	Micromachining	Heavy-duty cutting	Application	Page
rotating	 9170A	$F_x, F_y, F_z, M_z$	no							Rotating system for measurements on the tool, at high speeds of up to 20 000 rpm and small to medium forces	34
	 9171A	$F_x, F_y, F_z, M_z$	no							Rotating system for large forces and speeds of up to 12 000 rpm, different adapters provide excellent flexibility	36
stationary	 9109AA	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	yes							The expert solution for micromachining with forces below 1 N and up to 500 N, and speeds of up to 160 000 rpm	23
	 9119AA1	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	yes							Table-mounted system for precision machining with forces of less than 1 N up to 4 000 N and speeds of up to 60 000 rpm	24
	 9119AA2	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	yes							The expert solution for precision machining, suitable for table mounting or as a modular system for mounting on turning turrets	24
	 9129AA	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	yes							Best-seller and all-rounder for table mounting or as a modular system for mounting on turning turrets	26
	 9139AA	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	yes							Compact solution for somewhat larger forces (up to 30 000 N)	28
	 9257B	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	no							The classic model for table mounting and forces of up to 10 000 N	29
	 9255C	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	no							Robust platform, optimized for medium to extremely large forces (up to 60 000 N)	30
	 9253B	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	no							Solution for large workpieces with workpiece-side measurement	31
	 9272	$F_x, F_y, F_z, M_z$	no							The expert solution for drilling trials with direct torque measurement in the center of the platform	32
	 9366CC	$F_x, F_y, F_z$	no							Pre-loaded, ready calibrated set of force sensors to set up custom clamping solutions	33

 suitable  limited suitability

# Stationary dynamometers: force and moment measurements

## Application

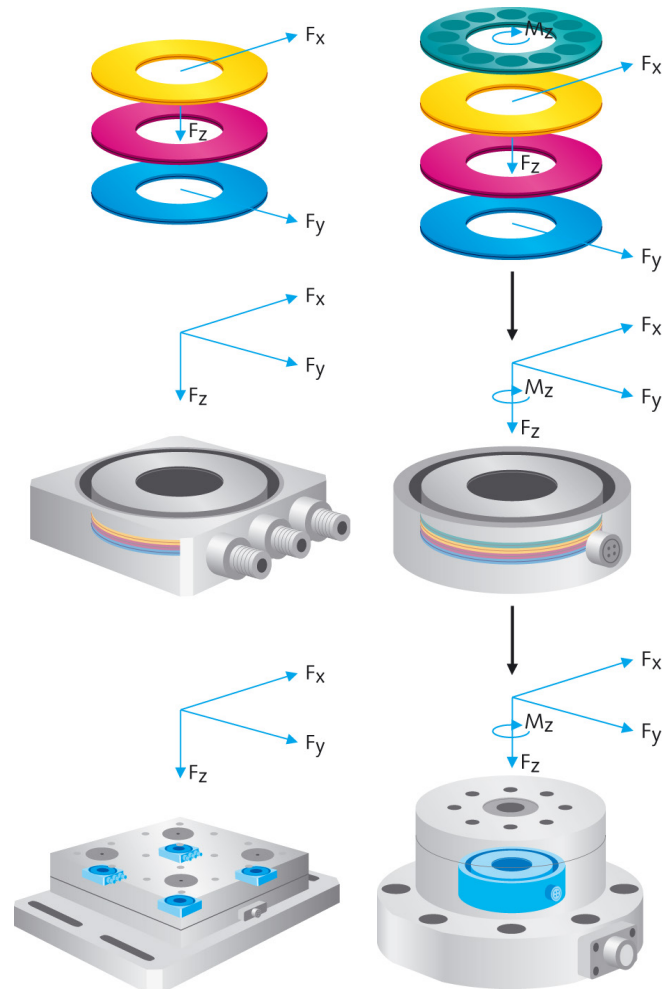
All stationary 3-component dynamometers share the same advantage: they can be used both as a purely 3-component dynamometer and also as a 6-component dynamometer. The four 3-component force sensors inside the dynamometer are switched as appropriate to make this possible. Forces  $F_x$ ,  $F_y$  and  $F_z$  are measured directly, whereas moments  $M_x$ ,  $M_y$  and  $M_z$  are calculated with the help of the individual force components and sensor distances. Suitable adapters enable mounting of the dynamometers on milling tables as well as lathe turrets.

## Structure of a stationary dynamometer

The dynamometers consist of multi-component force sensors mounted under high preload between two base plates and a cover plate. Preloading is needed so that frictional forces can be transmitted. Ground-isolated installation of the force sensors largely eliminates ground loop problems. The dynamometers meet the requirements for degree of protection IP 67; they are rust-resistant and are protected against penetration by splash water and coolants. Various mounting bores and tapped holes on the cover plate open up numerous clamping options.

## Stationary dynamometer measuring chain

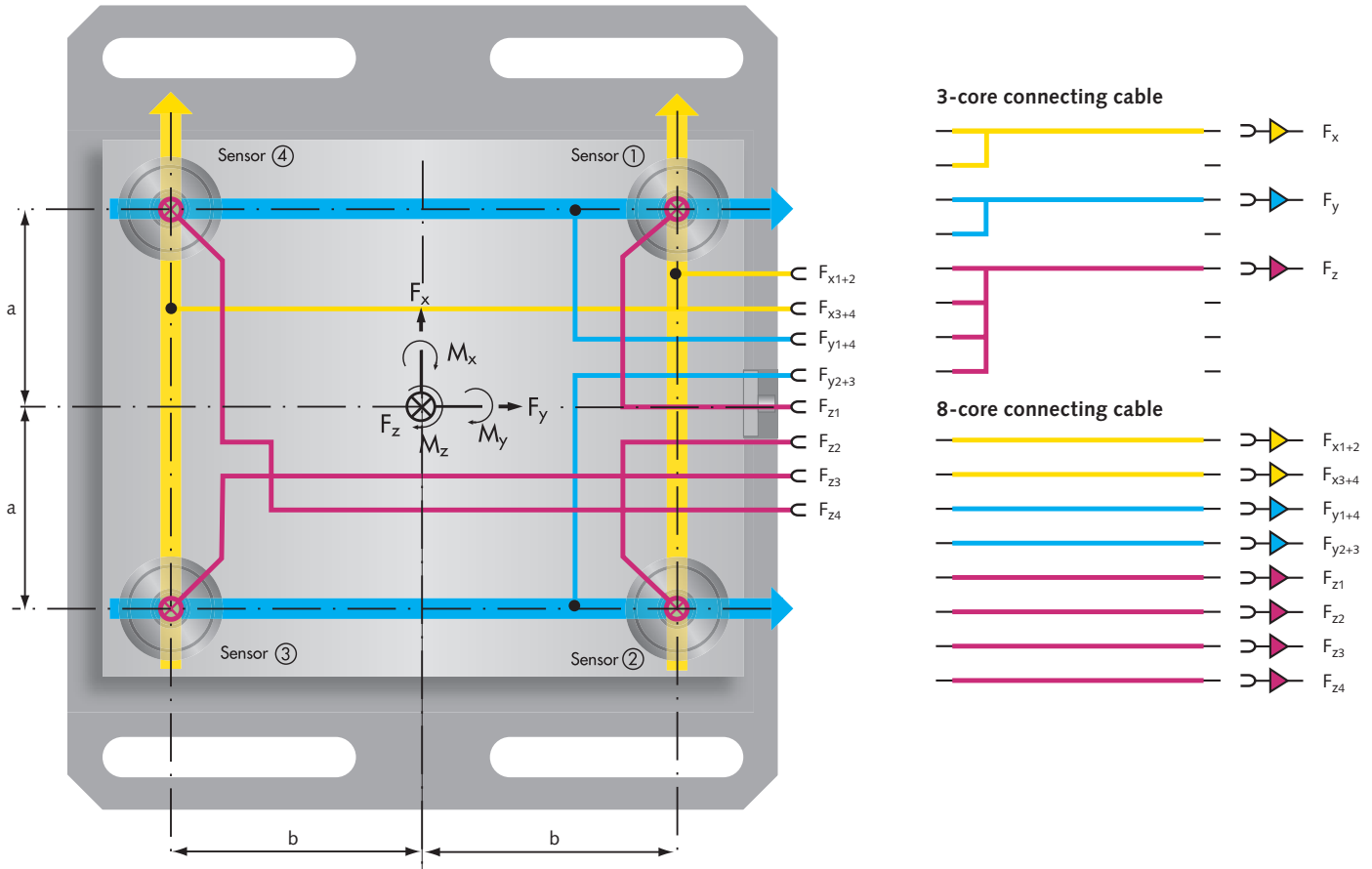
The measuring chain for stationary dynamometers consists of a sensor and a charge amplifier with a data acquisition box to record the signals, or just one LabAmp (with a laboratory charge amplifier and data acquisition box combined in one device).



## Benefits of a stationary dynamometer

- Stationary dynamometers can be used for a highly versatile range of applications. For milling, drilling, turning or other types of machining, the possibilities are virtually limitless
- Thanks to piezo technology and robust geometry, large dynamometers can also be used to measure small forces
- When used correctly, Kistler's dynamometers have extremely long service lifetimes





### 3-component force measurement

In 3-component force measurement, the eight output signals from the dynamometer are summed in the three-core connecting cable (as shown in the illustration). Three charge amplifiers are needed to convert the charge signals into proportional output voltages.

### 6-component force and moment measurement

In 6-component force and moment measurement, the eight output signals are fed directly to the eight charge amplifiers via the 8-core connecting cable. These amplifiers convert the charge signals into proportional output voltages and they also calculate moments  $M_x$ ,  $M_y$  and  $M_z$ , depending on the specification of the charge amplifier.

#### Calculation of the three forces $F_x$ , $F_y$ , $F_z$ and three moments $M_x$ , $M_y$ , $M_z$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_x &= F_{x1+2} + F_{x3+4} \\
 F_y &= F_{y1+4} + F_{y2+3} \\
 F_z &= F_{z1} + F_{z2} + F_{z3} + F_{z4} \\
 M_x &= b ( F_{z1} + F_{z2} - F_{z3} - F_{z4} ) \\
 M_y &= a ( -F_{z1} + F_{z2} + F_{z3} - F_{z4} ) \\
 M_z &= b ( -F_{x1+2} + F_{x3+4} ) + a ( F_{y1+4} - F_{y2+3} )
 \end{aligned}$$

#### Calculating forces and moments

Kistler's DynoWare software calculates the three forces ( $F_x$ ,  $F_y$  and  $F_z$ ) and the three moments ( $M_x$ ,  $M_y$  and  $M_z$ ); the 6-component summing processor in the charge amplifier can also perform the calculation in the same way. The distance from the sensors must be included when calculating the moments.

# Rotating dynamometers: force and moment measurements

## Application

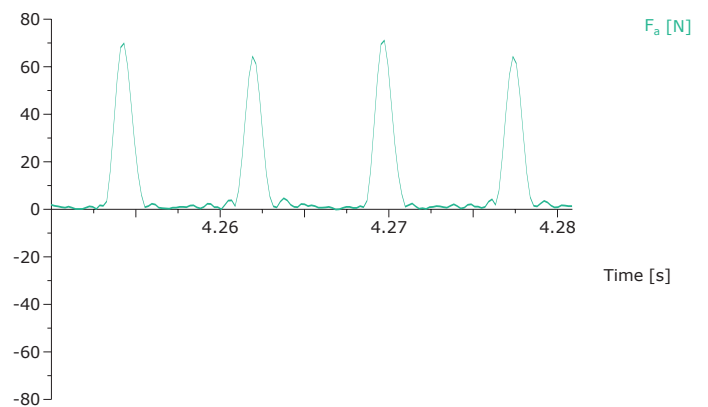
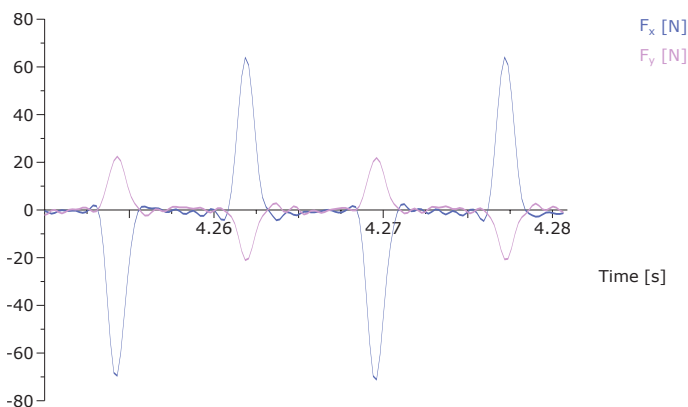
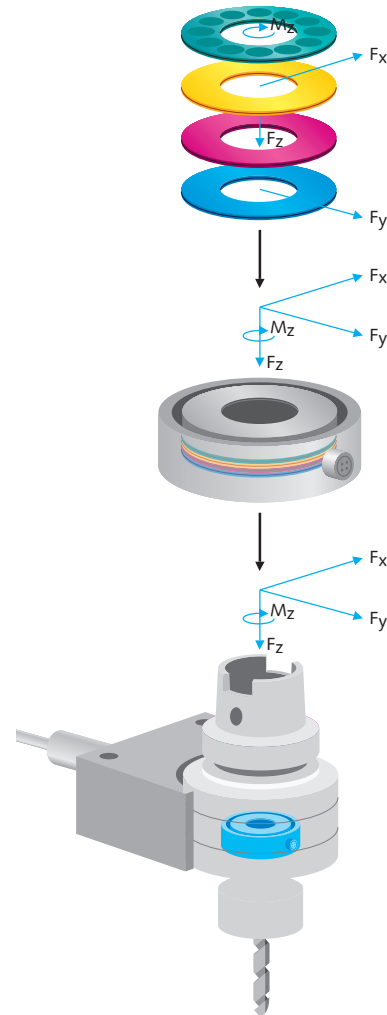
A rotating dynamometer can measure the three orthogonal force components  $F_x$ ,  $F_y$  and  $F_z$  — as well as the torque  $M_z$  — in machining processes, including milling and drilling in particular. The 4-component force sensor is installed between the spindle and the tool. The forces and moment are captured near the tool edge, so the force vector acting on the tools can be determined directly.

## Structure of a rotating dynamometer (RCD)

In the installed state, the measurement system's rotor (with the force sensor) is connected to the machine spindle, so it rotates along with the spindle. This means that the RCD's coordinate system also rotates around the vertical Z axis. Transmission of digitized measurement signals to the stator, range switching for the charge amplifier, and the power supply are all contact-free. The stator is mounted on the machine tool at a distance of a few millimeters from the rotor. The RCD can be ordered with various spindle adapters so that it can be used on many different machine types.

## RCD measuring chain

The measuring chain for a rotating dynamometer consists of a rotating sensor, a stator for power and data transmission, a signal conditioner for the signal output, and a data acquisition box for signal recording.



Force signals from milling with a double-edged tool during finishing; left: forces in the x- and y-directions of the rotating dynamometer; right: resultant active force in the x-y plane

### Benefits of a rotating dynamometer

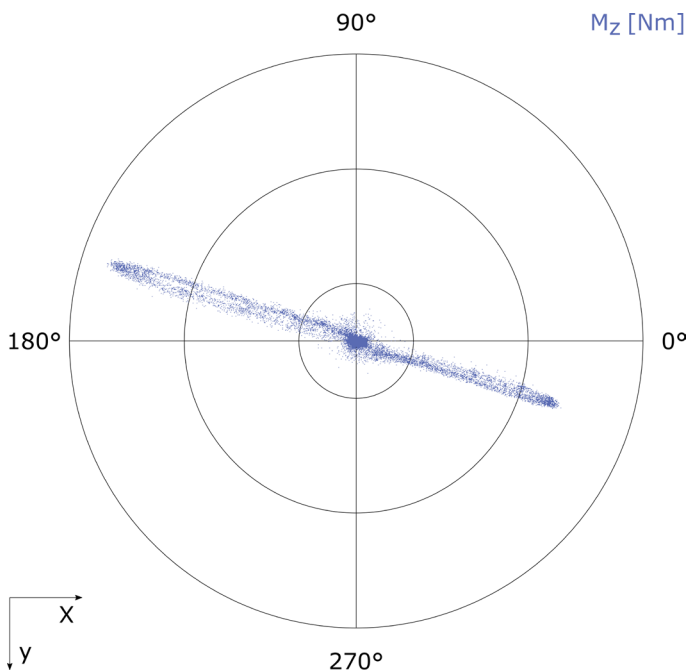
- The torque to be applied for cutting is measured directly. This allows an accurate assessment of the tool condition (regarding tool wear, for example)
- The rotor in a rotating dynamometer rotates along with the tool, so the mechanical load can be quantified directly in the tool coordinate system
- Because the measurement process is independent of the mass, dimensions and form of the workpiece, forces and moments can be measured in the cutting process for complex and cost-intensive parts



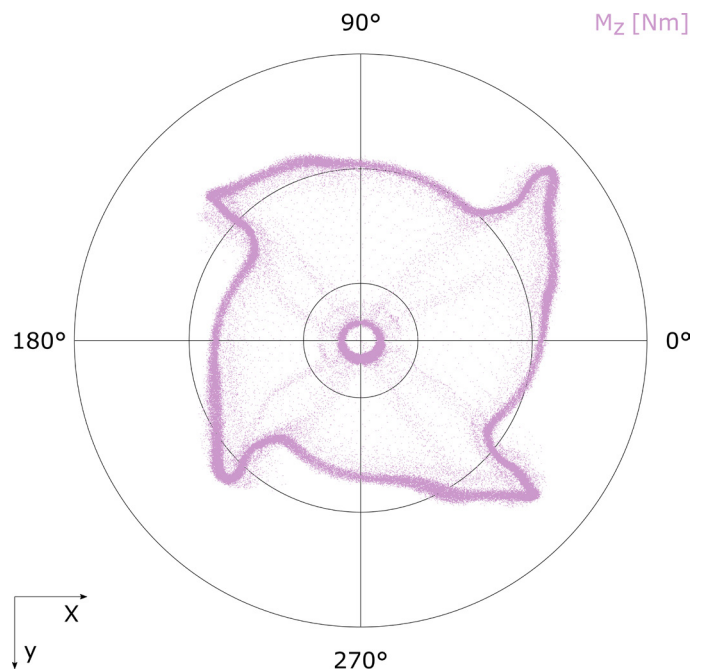
Rotating dynamometer in use during machining of an impeller

### RCD coordinate system

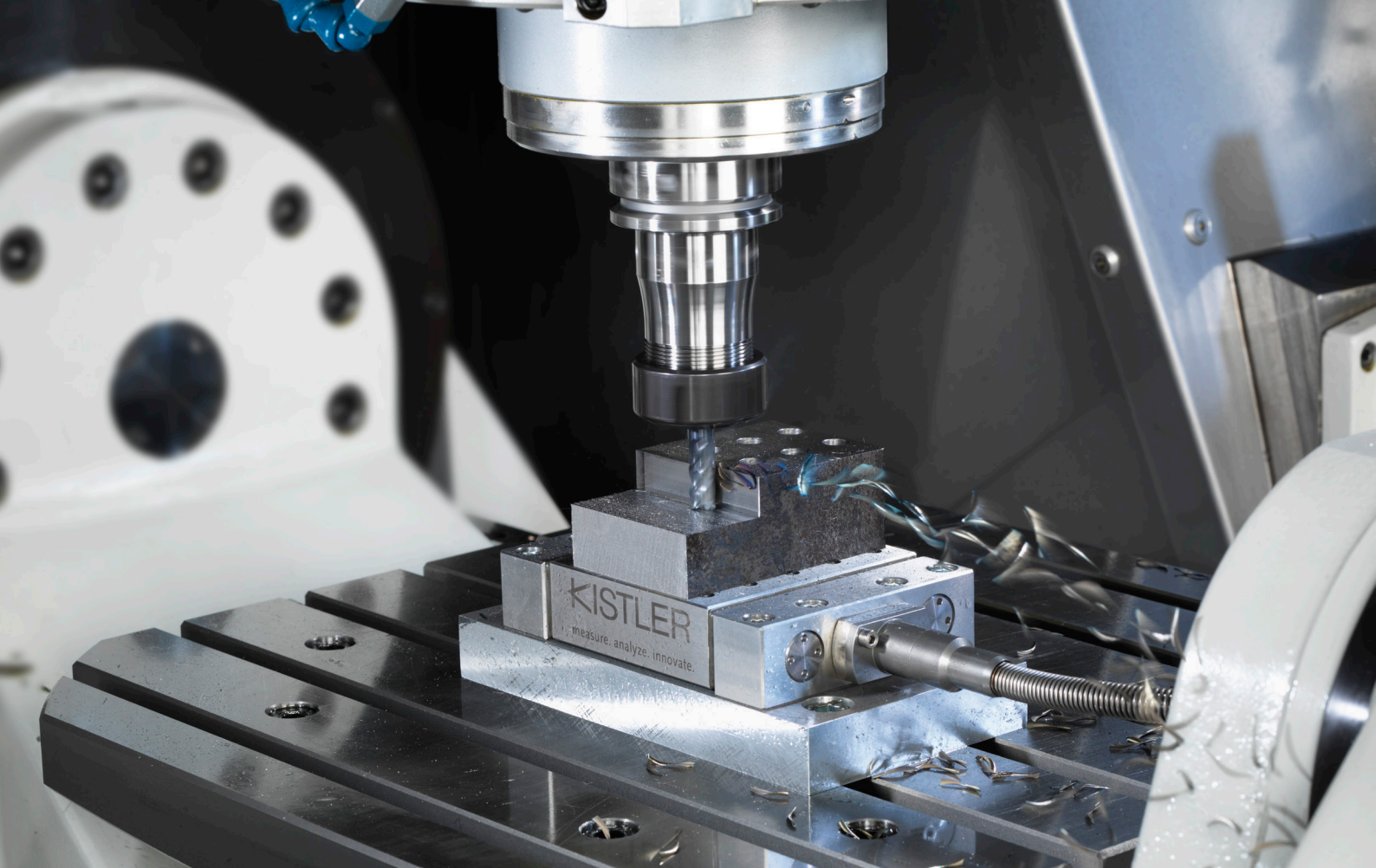
The RCD's coordinate system rotates along with the tool. This allows direct determination of the edge-related tangential and normal cutting forces ( $F_c$  and  $F_{cN}$ ), for example during face milling (see below). The cutting force can also be plotted in a polar diagram.



Polar plot milling with a double-edged tool during finishing



Polar plot milling with a four-edge tool, half-sectional view

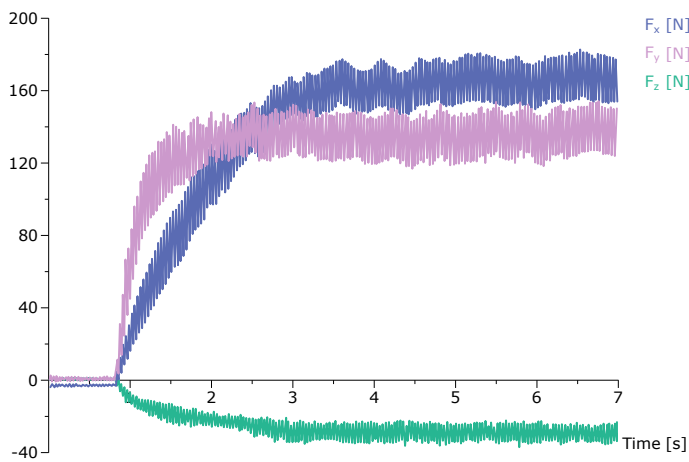


Milling with a Type 9129AA stationary dynamometer

## Cutting force measurement: milling

### Stationary dynamometers

The stationary dynamometer is mounted on the machine tool table and the workpiece is positioned on top of it. To reduce the mass on the dynamometer and thus minimize the negative influence on its dynamics, the workpiece is bolted directly onto the dynamometer; this eliminates the need for heavy (and often non-rigid) vises. In a few simple steps, the active force  $F_a$  acting in the working plane can be calculated from the feed force and the normal feed force.

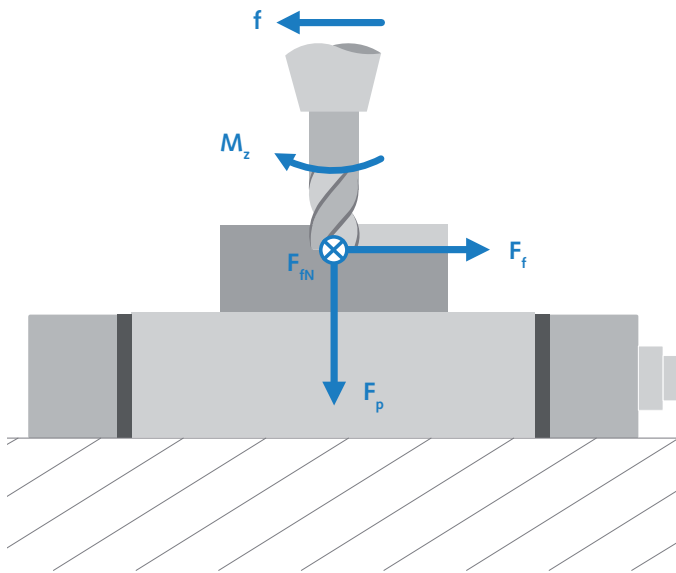


Typical measurement signals during milling (captured with a stationary dynamometer)

### Rotating dynamometers

A rotating dynamometer (RCD) is inserted directly into the machine spindle, while the tool is connected to the RCD with suitable tool holders. Because it is connected to the machine spindle, the RCD rotates with it during operation. RCDs have two advantages over stationary dynamometers: on the one hand, the measuring instrument's dynamics are not influenced by changing masses, because the tool mass remains constant. And on the other hand, the installed multi-component sensor makes it possible to measure the moment  $M_z$  directly throughout the entire measurement — so, for example, targeted statements about tool wear become possible.

When RCDs are used, the active force  $F_a$  that acts on the working plane can also be calculated from forces  $F_x$  and  $F_y$  in a few simple steps. The acting cutting force  $F_c$  and the normal cutting force  $F_{cN}$  can be calculated with the help of the torque  $M_z$  and the active force.



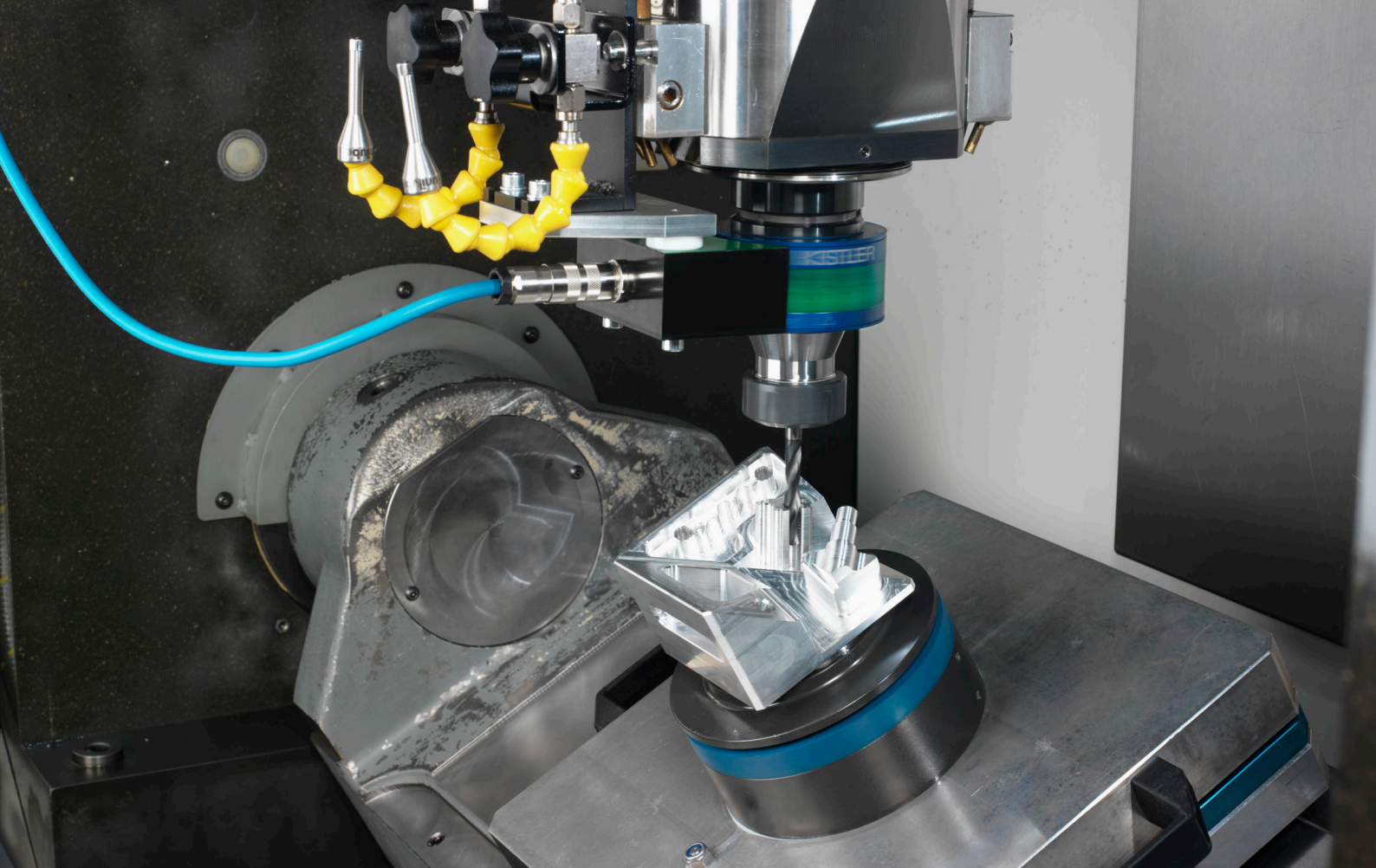
Forces and torque during face milling

#### Forces measurable with a stationary dynamometer during milling

- Feed force  $F_f$   
(force in the tool's direction of feed)
- Normal feed force  $F_{fN}$   
(force perpendicular to  $F_f$ )
- Passive force  $F_p$

#### Forces measurable with a rotating dynamometer during milling

- Spindle moment  $M_z$
- Passive force  $F_p$
- Forces  $F_x$  and  $F_y$  in the working plane

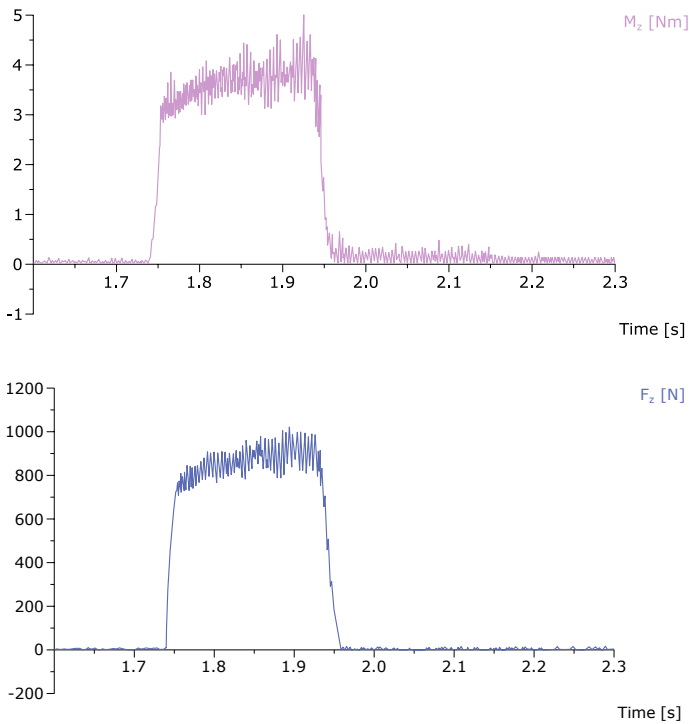


Drilling with a Type 9170A rotating dynamometer

## Cutting force measurement: drilling

Both stationary and rotating dynamometers (RCDs) can be used to measure the process forces during drilling. An RCD is inserted directly into the machine spindle, while the tool is connected to the RCD with suitable tool holders. Because it is connected to the machine spindle, the RCD rotates with it during operation.

The cutting force  $F_c$  and passive force  $F_p$  acting on the drilling tool can be calculated with the help of the drilling moment  $M_z$  and the deflective forces  $F_x$ ,  $F_y$ ; the feed force  $F_f$  can be determined directly.

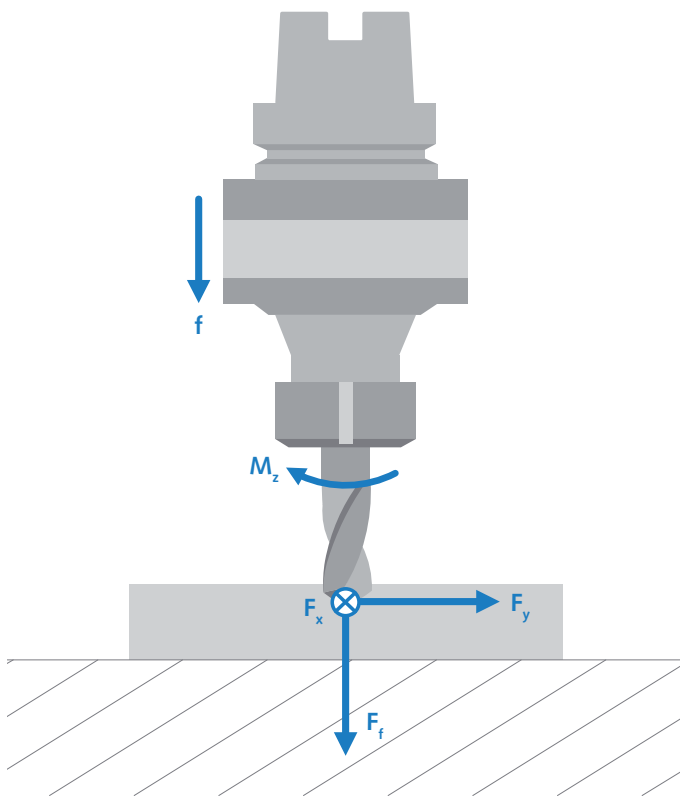


### Rotating dynamometers

Rotating dynamometers are ideal for measuring forces during drilling. They measure the drilling moment directly, and accurately record the wear status of tools in the process.

### Stationary dynamometers

Stationary dynamometers are also suitable for recording forces during drilling. They measure the forces in three directions. In this case, however, the torque is not measured directly but is calculated using the various measurement signals from the force sensors.



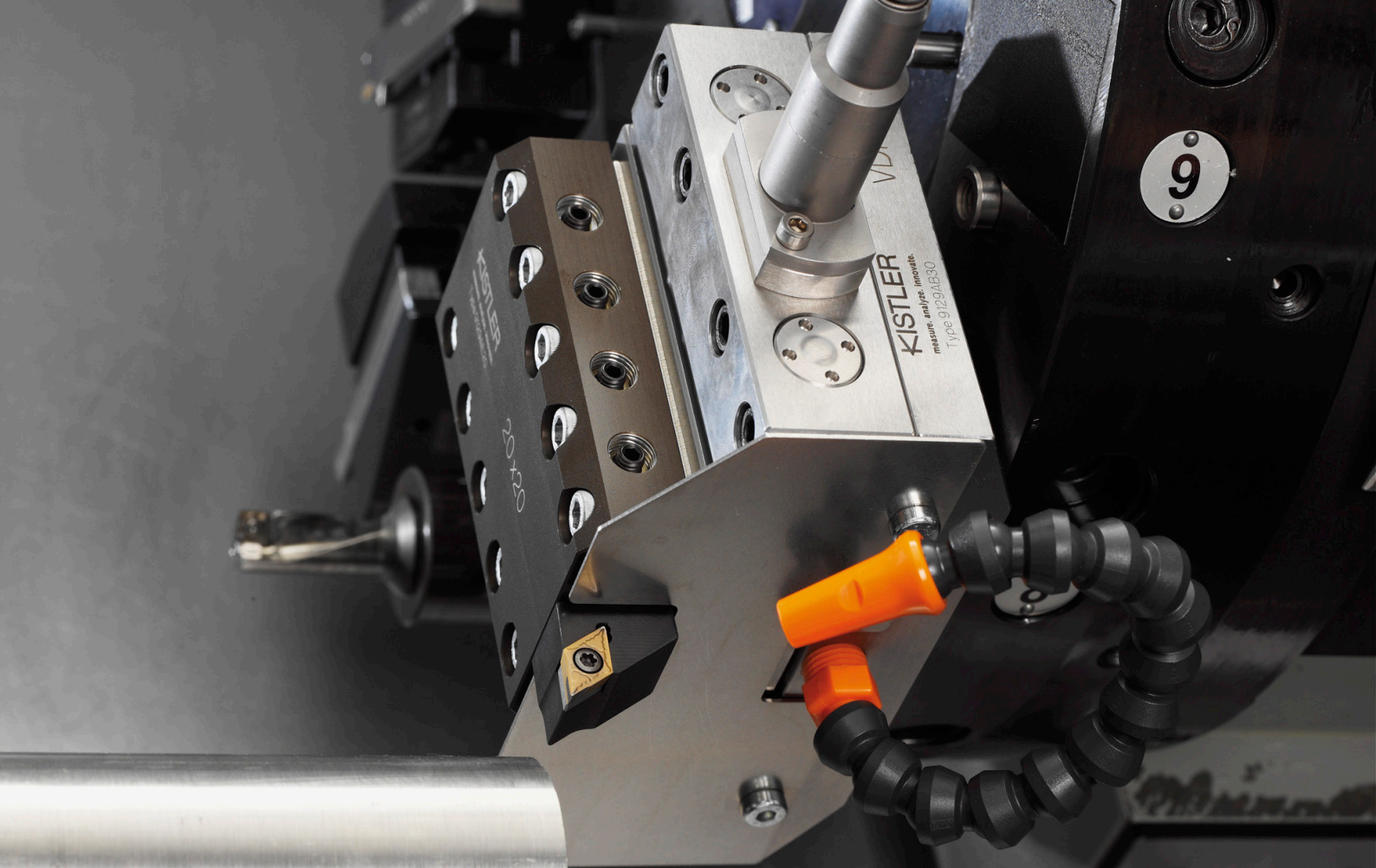
Forces and torque during drilling

#### Components that can be measured directly by a rotating dynamometer during drilling processes

- Drilling moment  $M_z$
- Deflective force  $F_x$
- Deflective force  $F_y$
- Feed force  $F_f$

#### Components that can be measured directly by a stationary dynamometer during drilling processes

- Feed force  $F_f$
- Deflective force  $F_x$
- Deflective force  $F_y$



Turning with a Type 9129AA dynamometer

## Cutting force measurement: turning

### Turning: a model machining process

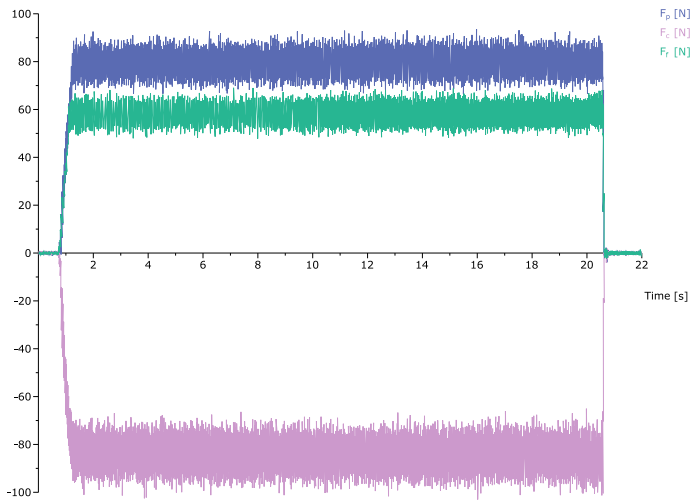
Turning — and longitudinal turning in particular — is a model case for machining with a geometrically defined cutting edge; because the edge is constantly engaged in cutting, it is used to determine and characterize specific forces ( $k_c$ ,  $k_p$ ,  $k_f$ ) for certain materials subject to different boundary conditions. Cutting forces are often measured during the turning operation in order to examine plastic-mechanical processes within the actual cutting process, to analyze chip formation and its influence on the process, or to substantiate wear processes with force progressions.

### Stationary dynamometers for turning

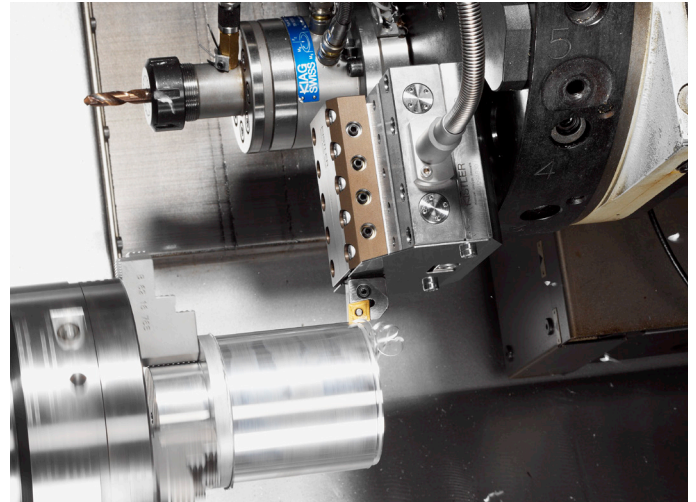
Stationary dynamometers are used to measure forces during turning processes. These dynamometers have a partially modular structure; they are usually mounted on the machine tool's turret head with the help of a suitable adapter. The tool is mounted on the dynamometer with a tool holder, so the dynamometer is embedded between the tool and the turret head. This structure allows accurate and highly dynamic force measurements so that even the smallest changes in the process chain can be quantified immediately.

With the help of multi-component dynamometers, the main cutting force generated by the turning process is broken down directly into the three components: cutting force  $F_c$ , feed force  $F_f$  and passive force  $F_p$ .





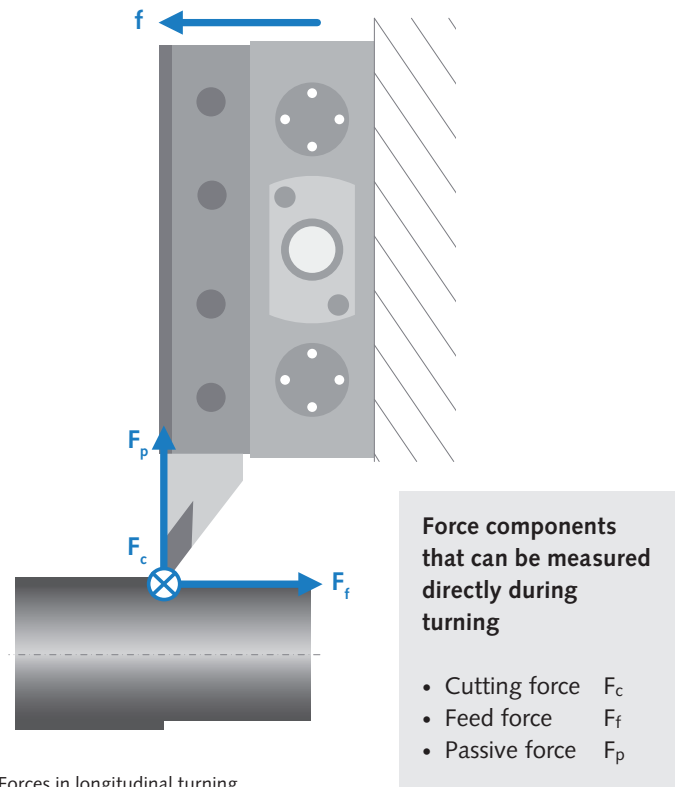
Typical measurement signals for turning



Basic turning trials with a Type 9129AA dynamometer

### Modular structure of stationary dynamometers

Depending on the dimensions of the machine tool, tools and loads, users can choose from several dynamometers to measure cutting forces in turning operations. Thanks to their modular design, they can be fitted with various machine adapters and tool holders in just a few working steps. Because negative thermal effects are minimized by the structural design of the dynamometer, the signals are of considerably higher quality and are much more informative.



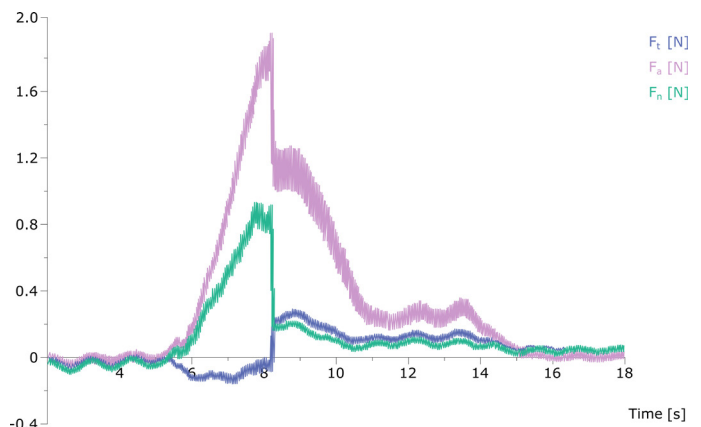
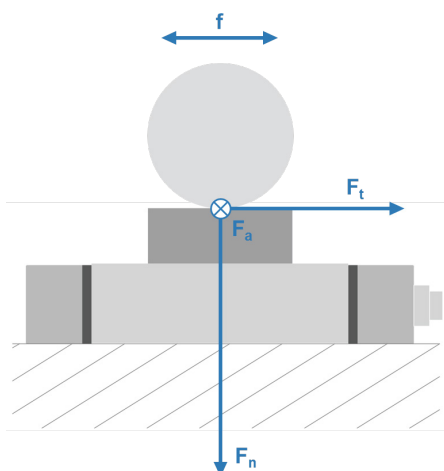
Forces in longitudinal turning



Grinding with a Type 9129AA dynamometer

## Cutting force measurement: grinding

Grinding is often the final machining operation performed in the process of manufacturing a part. This means that it plays a very important role in the quality of the finished part. Strictly defined quality requirements such as roughness and peripheral zone properties must be met, but it is also essential to avoid production faults such as grinding burns and cracks. To achieve these goals, it is important to understand the relationships between process input and output parameters. The measurement of the cutting force is an appropriate parameter for determining cause-effect relationships and identifying the reasons for undesirable results. Our extensive product portfolio and the flexibility of our dynamometers allow force measurements for a wide variety of grinding processes.

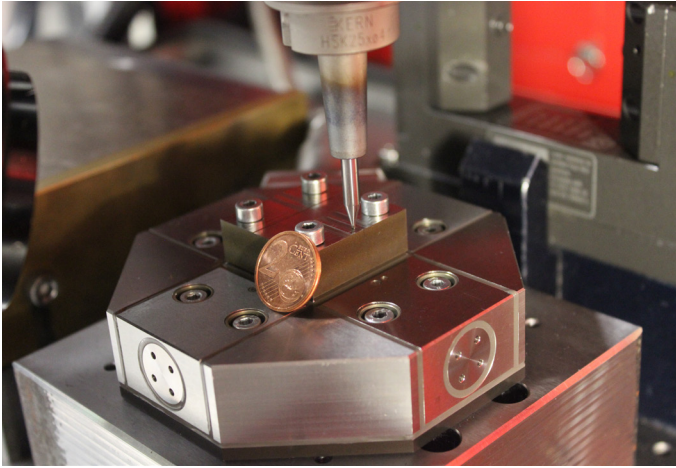


Typical measuring signal for grinding

### Force components that can be measured directly during grinding

- Normal force  $F_n$
- Axial force  $F_a$
- Tangential force  $F_t$

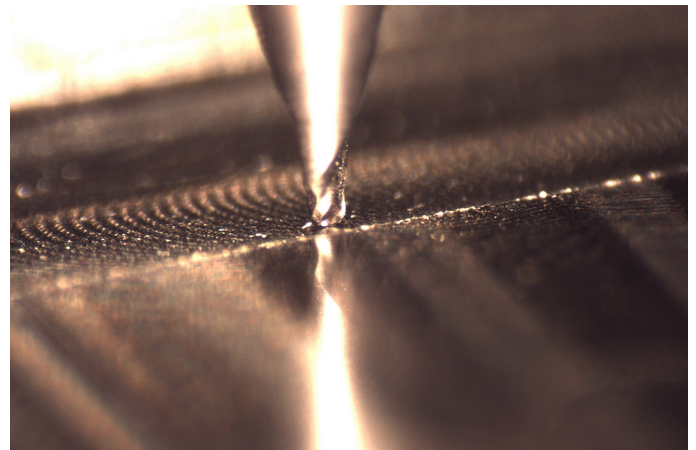
# Cutting force measurement: micromachining



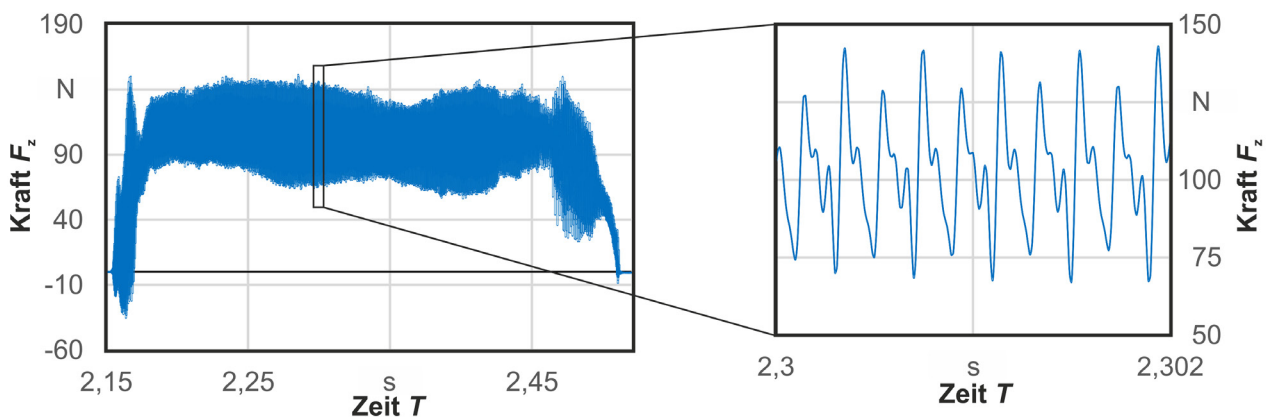
MicroDyn 9109AA on the machining table of a micromachining center

Micromachining sets extremely demanding requirements for measuring technology in terms of sensitivity, and also as regards the dynamics of the signals to be captured. The forces that occur during micromachining range from 1 N to more than 250 N. These must be mapped precisely and distinctly in a process sequence. Another key criterion for recording the process dynamics is the natural frequency of the measurement equipment. If the frequency range containing the natural frequencies of the force measurement equipment is too small, the result will be over-excitation of the measurement setup. There is then a risk that the amplitudes of the force signals will tend to be overstated in the high frequency range. In the worst case, the measurement setup will be excited at its natural frequency, and the vibration of the setup will be greater than the forces that actually occur in the process. This must be prevented at all costs.

Piezoelectric measurement technology is an excellent solution to meet the requirements for micromachining. Thanks to the use of highly sensitive, rugged crystals, one single measuring instrument can be used to measure force signals in ranges from well below 1 N to over 500 N. The advantages here are that the measurement setup does not need to be changed between tests, and reproducible measurements are guaranteed. Kistler offers measuring instruments that are specifically designed for use in micromachining. Thanks to their optimized rigidity and mass, these dynamometers achieve exceptionally high natural frequencies. In tests with double-edge tools at a spindle speed of 160 000 rpm, for example, it has been proven that the MicroDyn 9109AA can still reliably capture the force signals for each individual engagement of the cutting edge.



Double-edge ball-nose milling cutter with diameter  $d = 0.2$  mm for micromachining

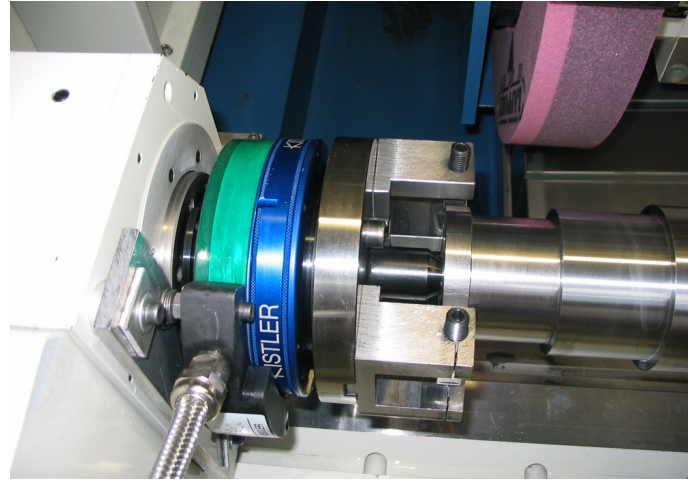
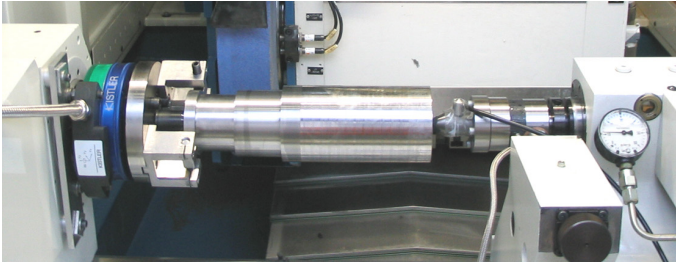


Force signals recorded with a MicroDyn 9109AA. The individual force curves for the engagements of both edges can be seen clearly — with engagement times of less than 1 ms

# Cutting force measurement: application examples

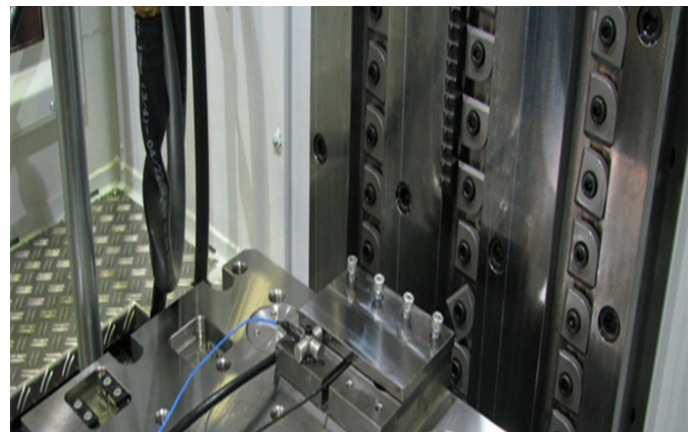
## Machining test for cylindrical grinding

The Institute of Machine Tools and Factory Management at the Technical University of Berlin (TU Berlin) used a special dynamometer to analyze grinding processes. This made it possible to determine and improve part quality, wear mechanisms and the critical material removal rate limit.



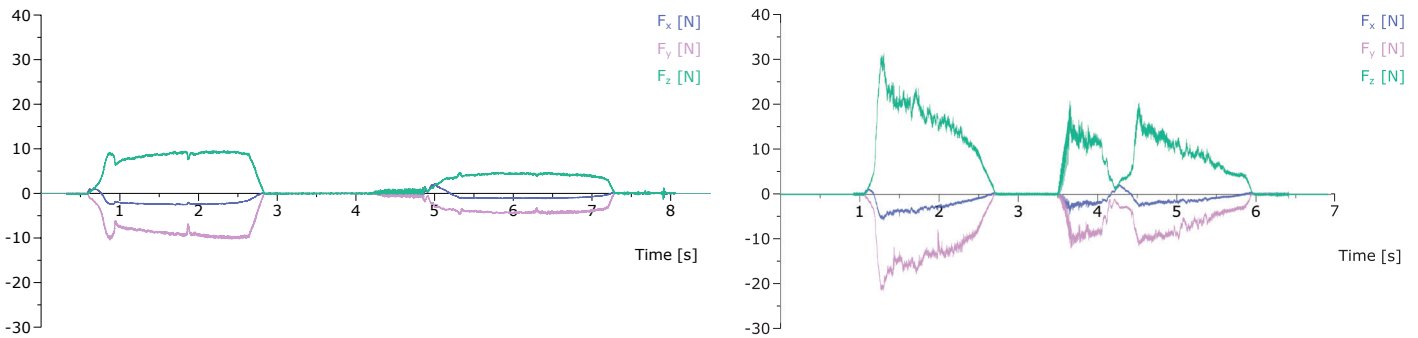
## Using a special dynamometer to measure broaching forces

In this case too, the unique benefits of Kistler's piezoelectric technology were clearly proven. In the Laboratory for Machine Tools and Production Engineering (WZL) at Aachen, a large dynamometer was successfully used to measure and analyze extremely small forces.

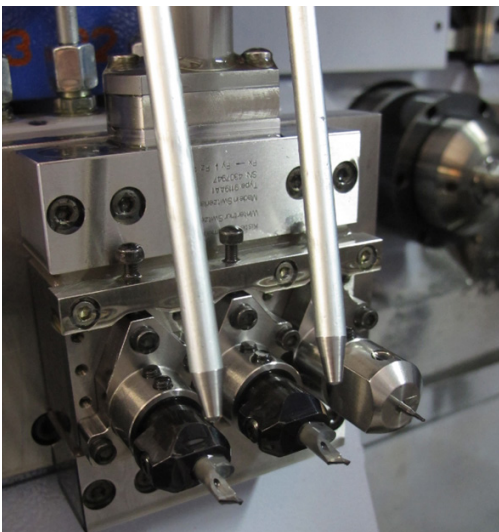


## Kistler as your development partner

We view every application as an exciting challenge — broaching, sawing, thread tapping, polishing and honing, as well as classical applications such as milling, drilling, turning and grinding. We shall be glad to act as your development partner, working with you to devise individual solutions for your measurement tasks. We can draw on our lengthy experience as specialists in measuring a variety of parameters including force, acceleration and acoustic emissions. Our services range from advisory support through to engineering of ready-to-install solutions.



Force signals during a turning process on materials that are difficult to machine; left: new tool; right: worn tool

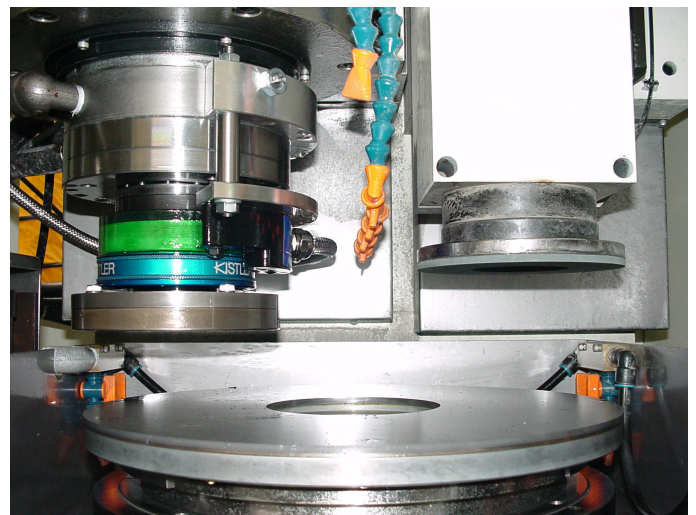


**A high-precision flat honing machine with Kistler dynamometers**

In wafer fabrication, quality is determined by flatness, surface roughness and the thickness of the disk. The material is usually very hard and brittle. In the past, it was polished or honed with the use of paste containing loose particles. Quality was ensured, but the method was not efficient and contamination levels were high. In Japan, Tohoku University collaborated with the Matsushita Electronic Components Company to find a way of making the process more efficient — thanks to technology by Kistler. This special design was used to measure and analyze the use of diamond-coated disks. And there were additional benefits, too: handling was optimized and the error rate was reduced.

**Kistler also uses dynamometers to manufacture its own products**

Manufacturing thin-walled parts from materials that are difficult to machine — such as membranes for pressure sensors — is an operation that sets demanding requirements for the process stability and surface quality of the parts. The process was analyzed with the help of measurement technology from Kistler — leading to significantly increased tool edge life and process stability. The results: reduced production costs and a lower scrap rate.

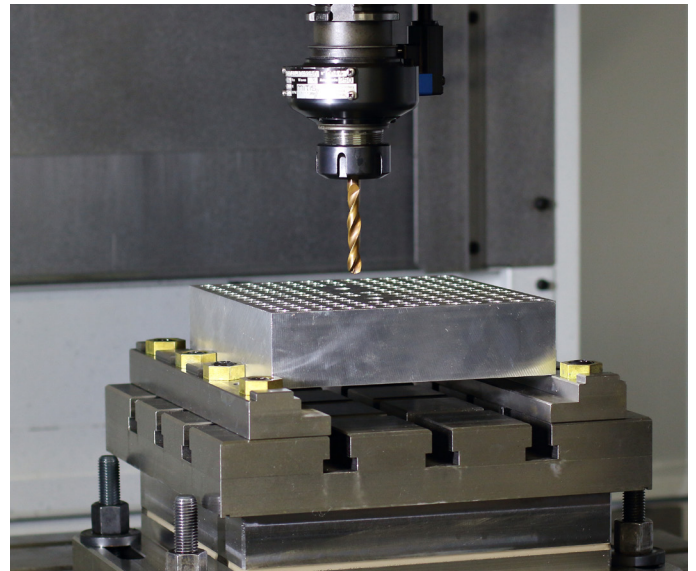




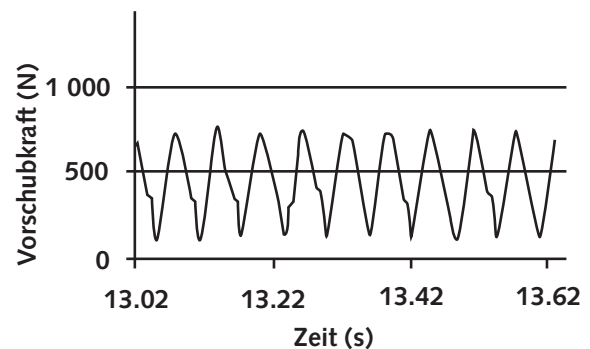
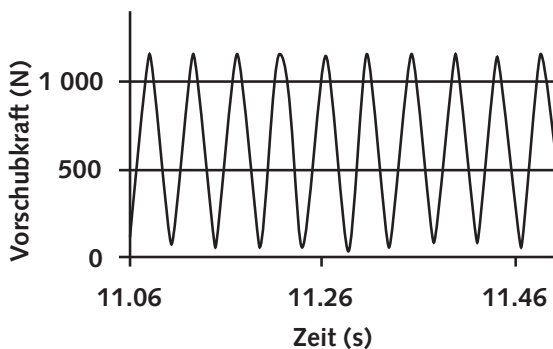
**Evaluation of cooling lubricants under operational conditions**  
 Blaser Swisslube AG, located in Hasle-Rüegsau, is a leading manufacturer of lubricants for metal machining. When it comes to developing new cooling lubricants, this Swiss company puts its trust in Kistler's measurement expertise. Thanks to high-precision measurement data, cooling lubricants are adapted exactly to the application requirements during the practical testing phase — so customers can rest assured that they will function reliably later on.

### Process optimization

Process optimization is the critical factor in boosting productivity and enhancing the quality of machining processes — key factors in ensuring that machining companies maintain their competitive edge. For over ten years, MITIS has been developing systems for vibration-assisted drilling. Systems of this sort are the solution of choice in applications where chip breaking has a decisive influence on the stability and efficiency of the process. Our Type 9255 cutting force systems are regularly deployed to optimize the machining parameters and adjust the axial travel of the vibration. As the result, cost-relevant process parameters can be optimized without risking deformation of parts due to excessive axial forces.



MITIS systems in operation: in this photograph, the workpiece is clamped onto a Kistler 9255C dynamometer

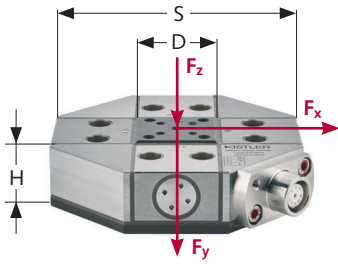


Fluctuation of axial force in vibration-assisted drilling. Force signals are used to optimize the parameters so that the tools are always engaged in cutting, chips break reliably and the forces are minimized so as to prevent any part deformations

# Products

## Stationary dynamometers

MicroDyn: multi-component dynamometer with cover plate 30x30 mm, up to 500 N



Technical data	Type	9109AA
<b>Measurement range</b>		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub> , F <sub>z</sub> (central)	N	-500 ... 500
M <sub>z</sub> (single component)	N·m	-50 ... 50
<b>Calibrated measurement ranges</b>		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub> , F <sub>z</sub>	N	0 ... 500
	N	0 ... 50
	N	0 ... 10
<b>Average sensitivity</b>		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub> ,	pC/N	≈-12.5
F <sub>z</sub>	pC/N	≈-20
<b>Natural frequency (without additional mass)</b>		
f <sub>n</sub> (x)	kHz	>15
f <sub>n</sub> (y)	kHz	>15
f <sub>n</sub> (z)	kHz	>15
Operating temperature range	°C	-20 ... 70
DxSxH	mm	30x100x26
Weight	kg	1.04
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
<b>Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a></b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>9109AA_003-346</b>

### Key characteristics

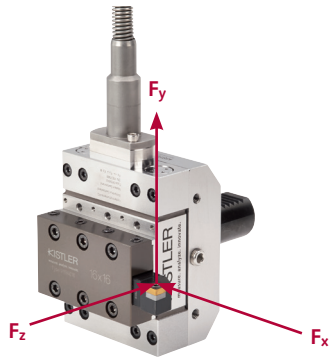
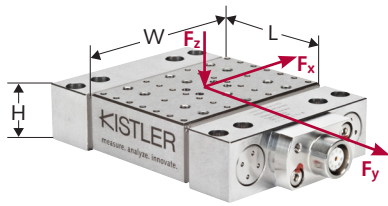
As a newly-developed addition to our range of stationary dynamometers, this 4-component dynamometer can also measure the moment M<sub>z</sub> in the center of the dynamometer. A very compact and rugged dynamometer with high sensitivity and natural frequency. Ideal for measuring cutting forces in micromachining.

### Accessories

Steel baseplate for magnetic attachment	Art. No.	55174784
Mounting screws, M4x25	Art. No.	65012704
<b>Accessories (optional)</b>		
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement	Type	1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1679A5

# Stationary dynamometers

MiniDyn: Multi-component dynamometer, up to 4 kN



Technical data	Type	for table machining		for turning operations
		9119AA1	9119AA2	9119AA2 <sup>1)</sup>
Measurement range				
$F_x, F_z$	kN	-4 ... 4	-4 ... 4	-2 ... 2 <sup>2)</sup>
$F_y$	kN	-4 ... 4	-4 ... 4	-3 ... 3 <sup>2)</sup>
Calibrated measurement ranges				
$F_x, F_z$	kN	0 ... 4 000	0 ... 4 000	0 ... 2 000
	kN	0 ... 400	0 ... 400	0 ... 200
	kN	0 ... 40	0 ... 40	
$F_y$	kN	0 ... 4 000	0 ... 4 000	0 ... 3 000
	kN	0 ... 400	0 ... 400	0 ... 300
	kN	0 ... 40	0 ... 40	
Sensitivity				
$F_x, F_z$	pC/N	≈-26	≈-26	≈-26
$F_y$	pC/N	≈-13	≈-13	≈-13
Natural frequency				
$f_n(x)$	kHz	≈6.0	≈4.3	≈1.25 <sup>3)</sup>
$f_n(y)$	kHz	≈6.4	≈4.6	≈1.5 <sup>3)</sup>
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈6.3	≈4.4	≈2.5 <sup>3)</sup>
Pretensioning direction		horizontal	horizontal	
Operating temperature range °C		-20 ... 70	-20 ... 70	-20 ... 70
Clamping surface (area)	mm	39x80x26	55x80x26	55x80
Weight	g	930	1 350	depending on adapter
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67	IP67	IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.	Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.	Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.

## Key characteristics

The dynamometer with the smallest mounting dimensions. Thanks to its optimized design and specially selected materials, this dynamometer can attain natural frequencies of over 6 kHz in all three force directions (Type 9119AA1). The highly sensitive crystals used in the dynamometer enable it to achieve sensitivities three times greater than those of conventional dynamometers. The benefit: even the very smallest forces can be measured accurately. The horizontal pretensioning direction guarantees that any influence of thermal effects on the measurement signals is minimized.

<sup>1)</sup> with adapters, Type 9119A...

<sup>2)</sup> depending on the adapter

<sup>3)</sup> applies to dynamometer Type 9119AA2 with machine adapter Type 9119AB30S and tool holder Type 9119AE16, with tool (280 g)



# Stationary dynamometers

Tool holders

MiniDyn 9119AA2

Machine adapters



Turning tool, Type 9119AE...  
Boring bar, Type 9119AF16

**Accessories (optional):**  
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement  
Type: 1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5  
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement  
Type: 1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5

**Data sheet:** 9119AA1\_003-060  
9119AA2\_003-055

Straight shank (VDI), Type 9119AB...  
Capto, Type 9119AC...  
HSK-T, Type 9119AH63...

## Key characteristics

Modular measuring system based on the Type 9119AA2 dynamometer. Machine adapters and tool holder nuts are easy to mount. We offer a wide range of commonly used adapters to fit the Type 9119AA2 dynamometer.



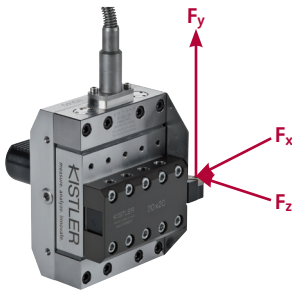
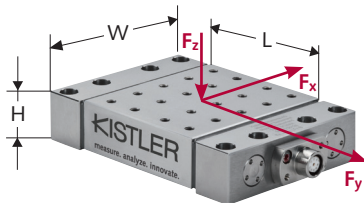
Grinding with a Type 9119AA2 dynamometer

# Stationary dynamometers

MidiDyn: multi-component dynamometer with 90x105 mm coverplate, up to 10 kN

for table machining

for turning operations



Technical data	Type	9129AA	9129AA <sup>1)</sup>
Measurement range			
$F_x, F_z$	kN	-10 ... 10	-5 ... 5 <sup>2)</sup>
$F_y$	kN	-10 ... 10	-8 ... 8 <sup>2)</sup>
Calibrated measurement ranges			
$F_x, F_z$	kN	0 ... 10	0 ... 5
	kN	0 ... 1	0 ... 0.5
	kN	0 ... 0.1	
$F_y$	kN	0 ... 10	0 ... 8
	kN	0 ... 1	0 ... 0.8
	kN	0 ... 0.1	
Sensitivity			
$F_x, F_z$	pC/N	≈-8	≈-8
$F_y$	pC/N	≈-4.1	≈-4.1
Natural frequency			
$f_n(x)$	kHz	≈3.5	≈1.5 <sup>3)</sup>
$f_n(y)$	kHz	≈4.5	≈1.5 <sup>3)</sup>
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈3.5	≈2.5 <sup>3)</sup>
Pretensioning direction		horizontal	
Operating temperature range	°C	0 ... 70	0 ... 70
LxWxH	mm	90x105x32	90x105
Weight	kg	3.2	depending on adapter
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67	IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.	Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.

## Key characteristics

Low overall height and a wide measuring range make this dynamometer the ideal instrument for measurements on high-precision machines. Its structure guarantees high natural frequencies in all three force directions. Negative influences due to temperature effects during the measurement are significantly reduced thanks to the horizontal pretensioning direction.

<sup>1)</sup> with adapters, Type 9129A...

<sup>2)</sup> depending on the adapter

<sup>3)</sup> applies to dynamometer Type 9129AA with machine adapter Type 9129AB40 and tool holder Type 9129AE25, with tool (280 g)



Milling with a Type 9129AA dynamometer

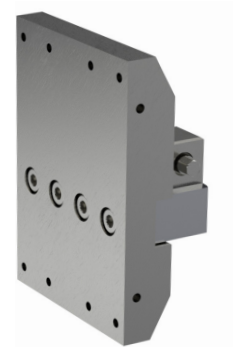
**Tool holders****MidiDyn 9129AA****Machine adapters**

Turning tool, Type 9129AE...  
Boring bar, Type 9129AF40



**Accessories (optional):**  
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement  
Type: 1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5  
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement  
Type: 1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5

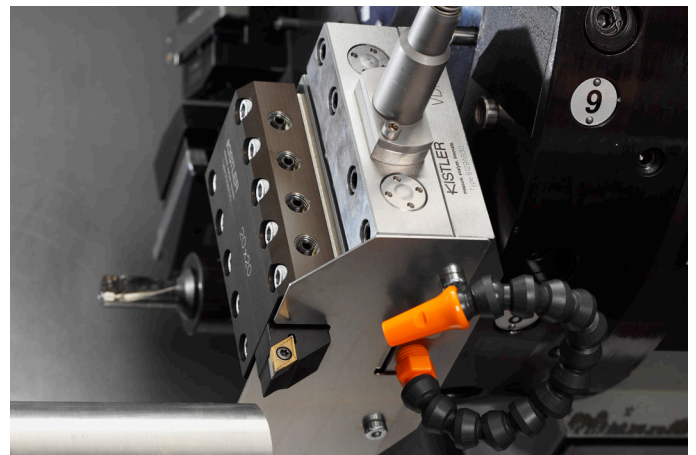
**Data sheet:** 9129AA\_000-709  
9129AA\_000-710



Straight shank (VDI), Type 9129AB...  
Clamping wedge, Type 9129AD...  
Capto, Type 9129AC...  
CoroTurn SL, Type 9129AG40

**Key characteristics**

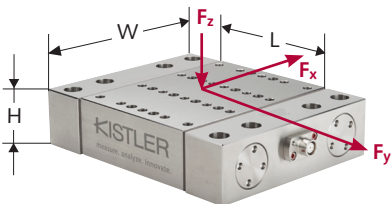
Modular measuring system based on the Type 9129AA dynamometer, featuring a wide measurement range. Machine adapters as well as tool holders can be mounted on this dynamometer with minimum effort. We offer a wide range of commonly used adapters to fit the Type 9129AA dynamometer.



Turning with a Type 9129A dynamometer

# Stationary dynamometers

MaxiDyn: multi-component dynamometer with 140x190 mm cover plate, up to 30 kN



Technical data	Type	9139AA
Measurement range (max. allowable)		
$F_x, F_y, F_z$	kN	-30 ... 30
Calibrated measurement ranges	kN	0 ... 30
$F_x, F_y, F_z$	kN	0 ... 3
	kN	0 ... 0.3
Sensitivity		
$F_x, F_z$	pC/N	≈-8.2
$F_y$	pC/N	≈-4.2
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x)$	kHz	≈2.9
$f_n(y)$	kHz	≈2.9
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈3.0
Pretensioning direction		horizontal
Operating temperature range	°C	-20 ... 70
LxWxH	mm	140x190x58
Weight	kg	≈12.9
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9139AA_003-198

## Key characteristics

In this compact and robust dynamometer, the horizontal pretensioning direction largely eliminates the negative effects of temperature variations during measurement. Force measurements in heavy-duty cutting processes are possible thanks to the wide measurement range.

## Accessories (optional)

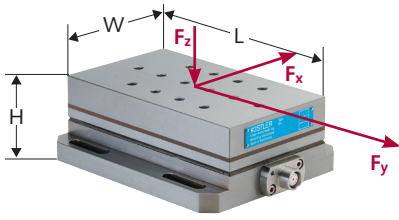
	Type	1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement		
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement	Type	1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5



Milling with a Type 9139AA dynamometer

# Stationary dynamometers

Multi-component dynamometer with cover plate, 100x170 mm, up to 10 kN



Technical data	Type	9257B
Measurement range		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub>	kN	-5 ... 5
F <sub>z</sub>	kN	-5 ... 10
Calibrated measurement ranges		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub>	kN	0 ... 5
	kN	0 ... 0.5
F <sub>z</sub>	kN	0 ... 10
	kN	0 ... 1
Sensitivity		
F <sub>x</sub> , F <sub>y</sub>	pC/N	≈-7.5
F <sub>z</sub>	pC/N	≈-3.7
Natural frequency		
f <sub>n</sub> (x), f <sub>n</sub> (y)	kHz	≈2.3
f <sub>n</sub> (z)	kHz	≈3.5
Pretensioning direction		vertical
Operating temperature range		°C 0 ... 70
LxWxH		mm 170x100x60
Weight		kg 7.3
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9257B_000-151

## Key characteristics

Dynamometer for universal use. Because of its handy dimensions and ideal measurement range for many applications, the Type 9257B is manufactured in larger numbers than any other multi-component dynamometer. It is connected to the machine table via lateral flanges with oblong holes.

## Accessories (optional)

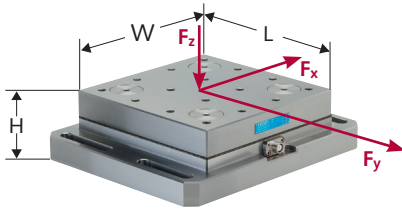
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement	Type	1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement	Type	1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5
Tool holder	Type	9403
Waterproof protective cap for cable connection	Type	1431A1



Screw tapping with a Type 9257B dynamometer

# Stationary dynamometers

Multi-component dynamometer with cover plate, 260x260 mm, up to 60 kN



Technical data	Type	9255C
Measurement range		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-30 ... 30
$F_z$	kN	-10 ... 60
Calibrated measuring ranges		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	0 ... 30
	kN	0 ... 3
$F_z$	kN	0 ... 60
	kN	0 ... 6
Sensitivity		
$F_x, F_y$	pC/N	$\approx -7.9$
$F_z$	pC/N	$\approx -3.9$
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x)$	kHz	$\approx 2.2$
$f_n(y)$	kHz	$\approx 2.2$
$f_n(z)$	kHz	$\approx 3.3$
Pretensioning direction		vertical
Operating temperature range	°C	-20 ... 70
LxWxH	mm	260x260x95
Weight	kg	52
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9255C_003-051

## Key characteristics

Rugged dynamometer for heavy-duty machining, with the largest force range of all our dynamometers. It is connected to the machine tool table via lateral flanges with oblong holes. The dynamometer can also be fixed through the center of the four sensors, which increases its natural frequency.

## Accessories (optional)

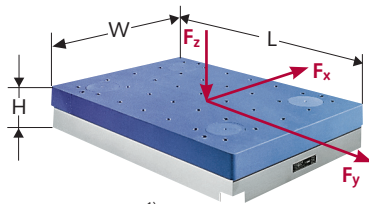
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement	Type	1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement	Type	1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5
Waterproof protective cap for cable connection	Type	1431A1



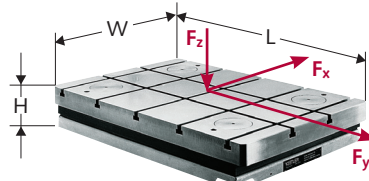
Milling with a Type 9255C dynamometer

# Stationary dynamometers

Multi-component force plate with cover plate, 400x600 mm, up to 30 kN



Type 9253B22 <sup>1)</sup>



Type 9253B23 <sup>2)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> cover plate with tapped hole, M10x18

<sup>2)</sup> cover plate with T-grooves, 10H12

Technical data	Type	9253B22	9253B23
<b>Measurement range</b>			
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-15 ... 15	-12 ... 12
$F_z$	kN	-15 ... 30	-12 ... 25
<b>Calibrated measurement ranges</b>			
$F_x, F_y$	kN	0 ... 15	0 ... 12
	kN	0 ... 1.5	0 ... 1.2
$F_z$	kN	0 ... 30	0 ... 25
	kN	0 ... 3	0 ... 2.5
<b>Sensitivity</b>			
$F_x, F_y$	pC/N	$\approx \pm 7.8$	$\approx \pm 7.8$
$F_z$	pC/N	$\approx \pm 3.7$	$\approx \pm 3.7$
<b>Natural frequency</b>			
$f_n(x)$	Hz	$\approx 580$	$\approx 610$
$f_n(y)$	Hz	$\approx 550$	$\approx 570$
$f_n(z)$	Hz	$\approx 720$	$\approx 570$
Pretensioning direction		vertical	vertical
Operating temperature range	°C	-20 ... 70	-20 ... 70
LxWxH	mm	600x400x100	600x400x100
Weight	kg	90	85
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67	IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.	Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
<b>Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a></b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>9253B_000-146</b>	<b>9253B_000-146</b>

## Key characteristics

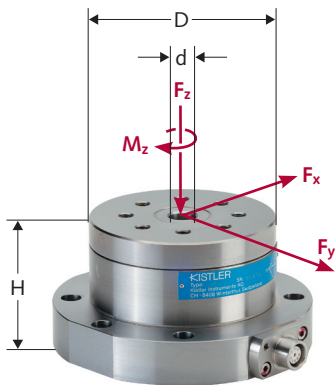
The cover plate measuring 400x600 mm also ensures safe mounting of larger workpieces. The force plate is mounted on the machine tool table through the center of the four feet. In this case, the base plate is not used (in contrast to all other stationary dynamometers).

## Accessories (optional)

	Type	
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement		<b>1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5</b>
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement		<b>1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5</b>
Waterproof protective cap for cable connection		<b>1431A1</b>

# Stationary dynamometers

## 4-component dynamometer to measure cutting forces during drilling



Technical data	Type	9272
Measurement range		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-5 ... 5
$F_z$	kN	-5 ... 20
$M_z$	N·m	-200 ... 200
Calibrated measurement ranges		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	0 ... 5
	kN	0 ... 0.5
$F_z$	kN	0 ... 20
	kN	0 ... 2
$M_z$	N·m	0 ... ±200
	N·m	0 ... ±20
Sensitivity		
$F_x, F_y$	pC/N	≈-7.8
$F_z$	pC/N	≈-3.5
$M_z$	pC/N·m	≈-160
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x), f_n(y)$	kHz	≈3.1
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈6.3
$f_n(M_z)$	kHz	≈4.2
Pretensioning direction		vertical
Operating temperature range	°C	0 ... 70
DxdxH	mm	∅100x∅15x70
Weight	kg	4.2
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Connector		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9272_000-153

### Key characteristics

This 4-component dynamometer is the only stationary model that allows direct measurement of the moment  $M_z$  in the center of the dynamometer, in addition to the three force directions. This allows precise determination of the torque.

### Accessories (optional)

Connecting cable for 4-comp. force measurement	Type	1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5
Tool holder	Type	9404
Waterproof protective cap for cable connection	Type	1431A1

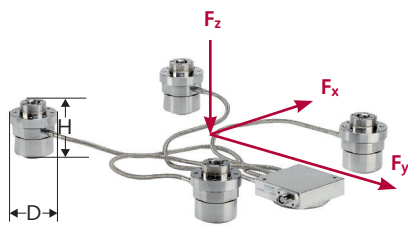


Force measurement during quartz cutting with a Type 9272 dynamometer



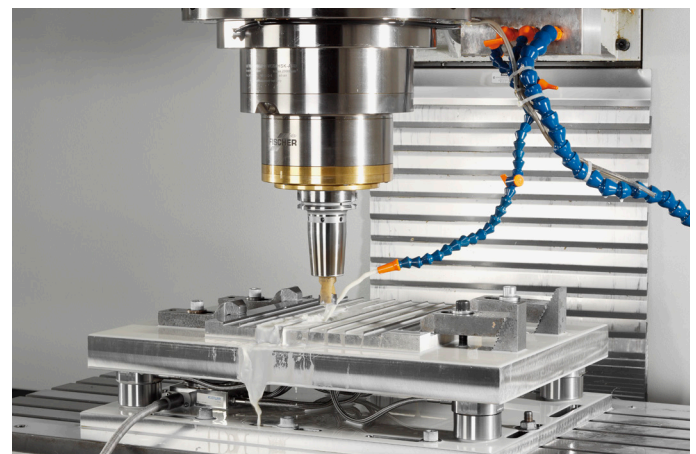
# Stationary dynamometers

Multi-component quartz force link kit, up to 60 kN



Technical data	Type	9366CC...
Measurement range		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-25 ... 25 <sup>1)</sup>
$F_z$	kN	-25 ... 60 <sup>1)</sup>
Calibrated measurement ranges		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	0 ... 25
	kN	0 ... 2.5
$F_z$	kN	0 ... 60
	kN	0 ... 6
Sensitivity		
$F_x, F_y$	pC/N	≈-7.8
$F_z$	pC/N	≈-3.8
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x), f_n(y), f_n(z)$	Hz	≈200 ... 1 600 <sup>1)</sup>
Pretensioning direction		
		vertical
Operating temperature range		
	°C	-20 ... 70
DxH		
	mm	72x90
Max. size of the cover plate		
	mm	900x900
Weight		
	kg	7
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		
		IP67
Connector		
		Fischer flange, 9-pole neg.
<b>Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a></b>		
	<b>No.</b>	<b>9366CC_000-681</b>
<b>Key characteristics</b>		
		Users can assemble their own multi-component force plates with this ready-to-connect pre-calibrated multi-component kit. Cover plate sizes from 300x300 mm to 900x900 mm are possible.
<b>Accessories (optional)</b>		
Connecting cable for 3-comp. force measurement	<b>Type</b>	<b>1687B5 / 1687BQ02 / 1688B5 / 1689B5</b>
Connecting cable for 6-comp. force measurement	<b>Type</b>	<b>1677A5 / 1677AQ02 / 1678A5 / 1679A5</b>
Waterproof protective cap for cable connection	<b>Type</b>	<b>1431A1</b>

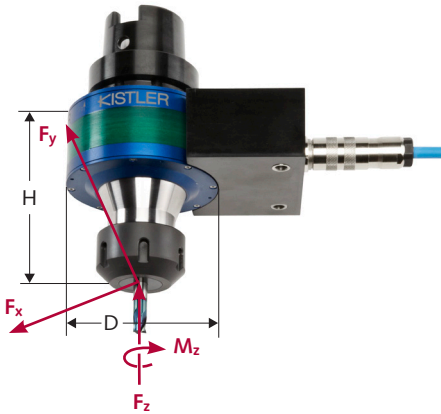
<sup>1)</sup> depending on cover plate size and material



Machining titanium with a Type 9366CC dynamometer

# Rotating dynamometers

Rotating 4-component dynamometer (RCD) to measure cutting forces up to 20 000 rpm

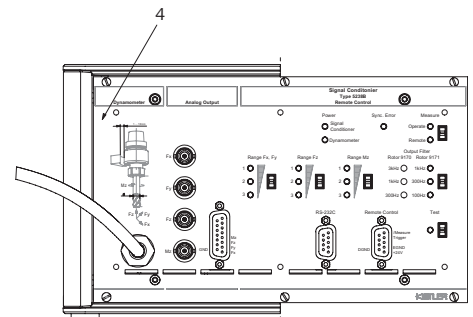
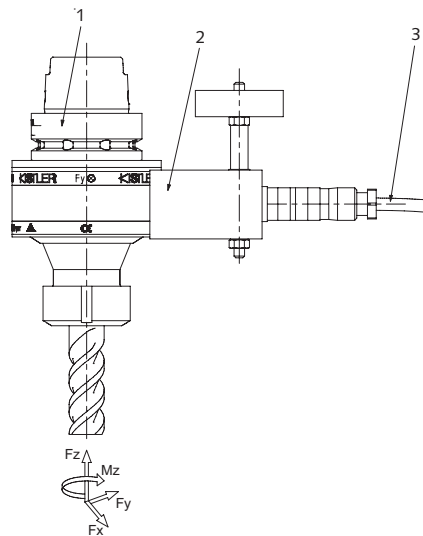


Technical data	Type	9170A...
Measurement range (nominal)		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-5 ... 5 <sup>1)</sup>
$F_z$	kN	-20 ... 20 <sup>1)</sup>
$M_z$	N·m	-150 ... 150 <sup>1)</sup>
Speed, max.	1/min	20 000 <sup>1)</sup>
Sensitivity (min./max.)		
$F_x, F_y$	mV/N	≈2/≈20
$F_z$	mV/N	≈0.5/≈5
$M_z$	mV/N·m	≈66/≈1 000
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x)$	kHz	≈2 <sup>2)</sup>
$f_n(y)$	kHz	≈2 <sup>2)</sup>
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈7.6 <sup>2)</sup>
Operating temperature range	°C	0 ... 60
DxH	mm	85x95
Weight of rotor	kg	1.6 <sup>2)</sup>
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529 (with connected cable)		IP67
Signal transmission		contact-free
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9170A_000-995

## Key characteristics

This rotating 4-component dynamometer (RCD) measures the forces in the radial direction ( $F_x, F_y$ ) and the axial direction ( $F_z$ ) and also the torque in cutting processes with spindle speeds of up to 20 000 rpm. Internal cooling lubricant supply is possible. Measurement signal transmission and energy supply are contact-free, so wear is entirely eliminated. We offer a wide variety of commonly used spindle adapters for this RCD.

- 1) depending on spindle adapter and force application point
- 2) applies to rotor with spindle adapter HSK-A63 and integrated ER collet chuck adapter (without tool)



- 1 Rotor, Type 9170A...
- 2 Stator, Type 5236B
- 3 Cable, Type 1500A95, L = 10 m
- 4 Signal conditioner, Type 5238B1/B2

# Rotating dynamometers

Rotor



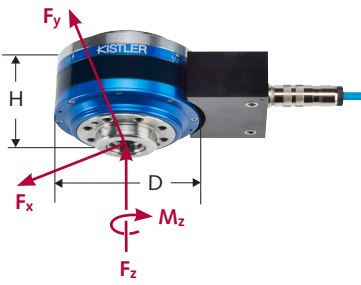
Technical data	Type	9170A...
Spindle adapters		HSK-A40, HSK-A50, HSK-A63, HSK-A80, HSK-E50, HSK-E63 DIN 69871-AD30, DIN 69871-AD40, DIN 69871-AD50 MAS 403 BT 30, MAS 403 BT 40, MAS 403 BT 50 CAT 30, CAT 40, CAT 50 Capto C5, Capto C6
Key characteristics		Spindle and tool adapters are permanently installed in the RCD 9170A. It is no longer possible to exchange the adapters after installation.



Milling an impeller with a Type 9170A rotating dynamometer

# Rotating dynamometers

Rotating 4-component dynamometer to measure cutting forces in heavy-duty machining, up to 12 000 rpm

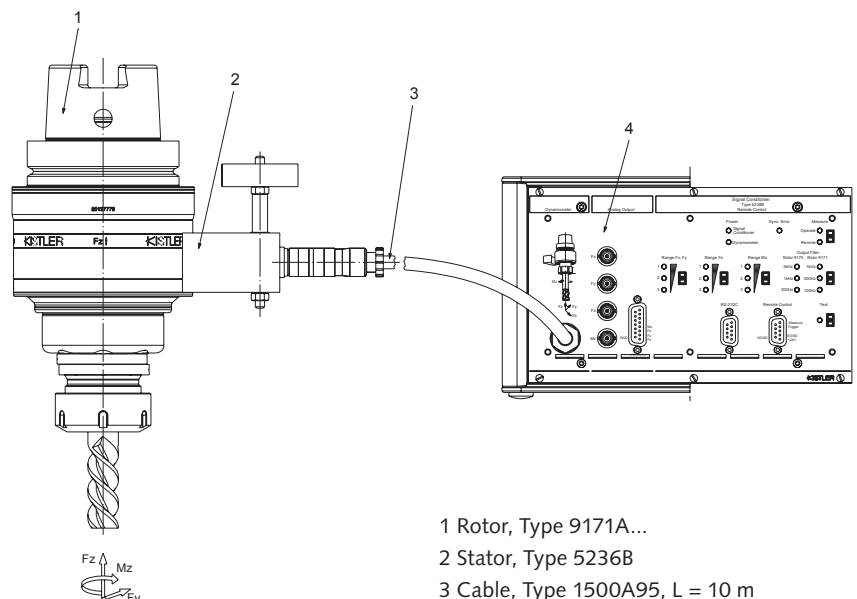


Technical data	Type	9171A...
Measurement range (nominal)		
$F_x, F_y$	kN	-20 ... 20 <sup>3)</sup>
$F_z$	kN	-30 ... 30 <sup>3)</sup>
$M_z$	N·m	-1 000 ... 1 000 <sup>3)</sup>
Speed, max.	1/min	12 000
Sensitivity (min./max.)		
$F_x, F_y$	mV/N	≈0.5/≈4.8
$F_z$	mV/N	≈0.3/≈4.8
$M_z$	mV/N·m	≈9/≈96
Natural frequency		
$f_n(x)$	kHz	≈1.1 <sup>1)</sup>
$f_n(y)$	kHz	≈1.1 <sup>1)</sup>
$f_n(z)$	kHz	≈7.6 <sup>1)</sup>
Operating temperature range	°C	0 ... 60
DxH	mm	118x85
Weight	kg	3.3 <sup>2)</sup>
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529		IP67
Signal transmission		contact-free
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9171A_003-155

## Key characteristics

Thanks to its wide measurement range and speeds of up to 12 000 rpm, this rotating 4-component dynamometer is especially suitable for heavy-duty cutting applications. The rotor's modular design makes it easy to exchange different spindle and tool adapters at any time. Internal cooling lubricant supply is possible. Measurement signal transmission and energy supply are contact-free, so wear is entirely eliminated.

- 1) applies to rotor with spindle adapter HSK-A100, without tool adapter
- 2) applies to rotor without spindle adapter and without tool adapter
- 3) measurement range depends on spindle adapter type. See the data sheet



- 1 Rotor, Type 9171A...
- 2 Stator, Type 5236B
- 3 Cable, Type 1500A95, L = 10 m
- 4 Signal conditioner, Type 5238B1/B2

# Rotating dynamometers

Rotor



Technical data	Type	9171A
Spindle adapters		HSK-A63, HSK-A80, HSK-A100 DIN 69871-AD40, DIN 69871-AD50 MAS 403 BT 40, MAS 403 BT 50 CAT 40, CAT 50 Capto C6, Capto C8
Tool adapters		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Collet chuck, type PowRgrip PG32-SG by Rego Fix</li> <li>• Collet chuck, type ER32 (DIN 6499-B32)</li> <li>• Collet chuck, type ER40 (DIN 6499-B40)</li> <li>• Collet chuck, MEGA New Baby Chuck by BIG KAISER</li> <li>• TENDO hydraulic expansion toolholder by Schunk</li> </ul>
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	9171A_003-155
Key characteristics	Spindle adapters and tool adapters are built into the RCD 9171A on a modular basis, or they can be obtained singly. Adapters can be changed at any time. (Important: The rotor must be balanced after every changeover.)	



**BIG KAISER**  
MEGA New Baby Chuck



**Schunk**  
TENDO



**Rego Fix**  
SecuRgrip

# Amplification, acquisition and evaluation — all from one single source

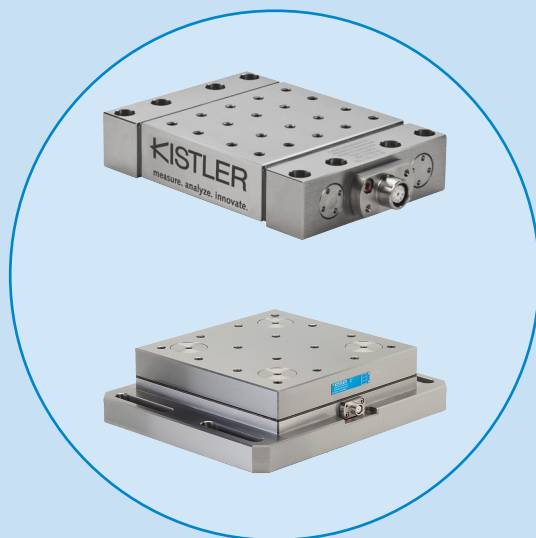
## Measurement

## Amplification and acquisition

Rotating dynamometers



Stationary dynamometers



Signal conditioners



Charge amplifiers



The dynamometer is the centerpiece of every measurement setup. It captures the physical variable to be measured, and transmits it to the charge amplifier in the form of a charge signal. Two types of dynamometer are used: stationary dynamometers are usually mounted on the machine table, whereas rotating dynamometers are inserted into the spindle via the spindle interface, and they rotate with the spindle.

Kistler offers standalone data acquisition systems as well as systems with an integrated charge amplifier. For stationary dynamometers, the LabAmp 5167A charge amplifier can be used directly; it converts the charge signal into a voltage and performs an analog-to-digital conversion. Users can then view the data in the DynoWare software.

## Evaluation

Data acquisition system



LabAmp



DynoWare

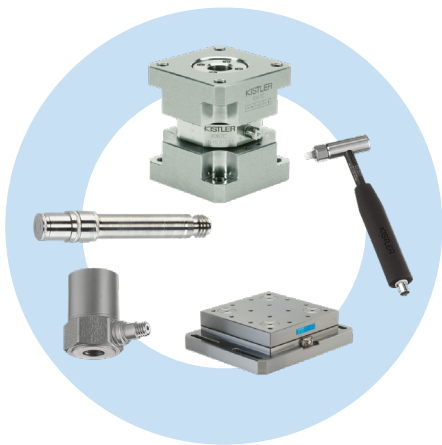


The integrated data acquisition principle can only be used for measurements with stationary dynamometers. Rotating dynamometers also require a signal conditioner to supply the rotor and transmit the data. Our Type 5697 data acquisition system is used for rotating dynamometers, and for high-precision measurements with the Type 5080 charge amplifier. This system is also compatible with DynoWare to analyze and visualize the data.

DynoWare is all-purpose, easy-to-use software that is particularly suitable for force measurements with dynamometers and single-component or multi-component force sensors. For signal analysis, DynoWare users benefit from online visualization of measurement curves as well as helpful calculation and graphics functions.

# The LabAmp family

The LabAmp family comprises Types 5167A and 5165A: together, they can amplify and record large numbers of signals from different sensor types. Charge amplifier 5165A is suitable for dynamic measurements of voltages, IEPE (Integrated Electronics Piezo-Electric) and charge signals. As opposed to LabAmp 5165A, the LabAmp 5167A system is designed for static force measurements.



## Physical variables

- Force
- Acceleration
- Pressure
- Voltage



## High-precision measurement and acquisition of forces in cutting processes

Together with the stationary dynamometers, the LabAmp 5167A charge amplifier forms a complete measuring chain to capture forces and moments in cutting processes. This charge amplifier's high-insulation inputs ensure measurements with minimal drift. Its low-noise design also makes it possible to measure small force signals. The 4- or 8-channel version can be used according to the dynamometer and application area.

To record additional force, acceleration, pressure or voltage signals, the LabAmp 5167A can be combined with further 5165A/5167A devices. This makes the LabAmp family an integral solution for cutting process analyses.





### Data visualization in DynoWare

DynoWare (or other software provided by the user) handles further data processing and visualization. DynoWare features a variety of functions designed specifically for analyzing force signals in cutting processes. Examples include temperature drift compensation and numerous filter options. LabAmp 5167A communicates with the PC via Ethernet and is configured either with DynoWare or in a browser.



### Software and configuration

- DynoWare
- Web browser
- LabVIEW interface

### Multi Device Client

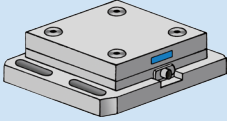

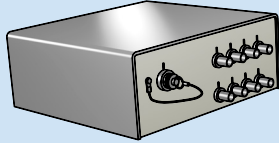

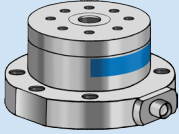

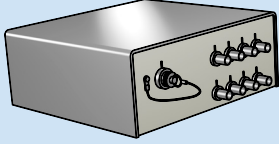

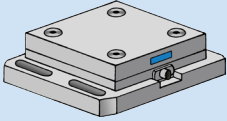

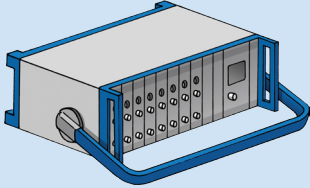
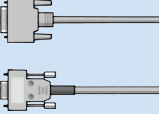
The Precision Time Protocol (PTP) feature enables networking with additional LabAmp devices (such as the 5165A/5167A) via Ethernet. The measurement signals of the different devices are given synchronized time stamps for this purpose.

### Remote control

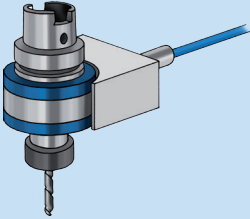


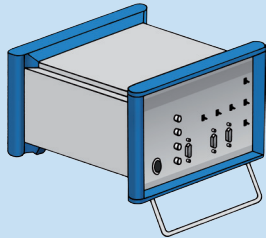
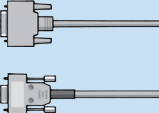
The LabAmp 5167A has separate digital inputs for automated measurements so that measurements can be remote-controlled. Measurements can also be triggered by signal rises on individual channels.

# Measuring chains

## Stationary dynamometers

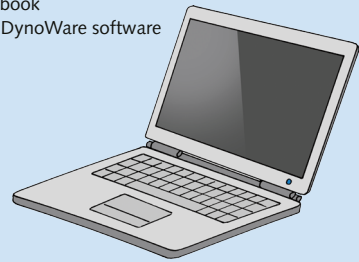
	Measurement	Connection	Amplification and acquisition	
3 or 8 measuring components	9119AA1 9119AA2 9129AA 9139AA 9253B... 9255C 9257B 9366CC... 	1687B5 (3 components) 1689B5 (3 components) 1677A5 (8 components) 1679A5 (8 components) 	LabAmp 5167A81 LabAmp 5167A41 	Ethernet cable 
4 measuring components	9272 	1677A5 1679A5 	LabAmp 5167A81 LabAmp 5167A41 	Ethernet cable 
3, 4 or 8 components, high-precision	9119AA1 9119AA2 9129AA 9139AA 9253B... 9255C 9257B 9366CC... 	1687B5 (3 components) 1689B5 (3 components) 1677A5 (8 components) 1679A5 (8 components) 	5080A... 	1700A111A2 1200A27 

## Rotating dynamometers (RCD)

Rotating dynamometers	9170A... 9171A... 	5236B 	1500A95 	5238B... 	1700A111A2 1200A27 
-----------------------	---	--	--	---	--

## Analysis

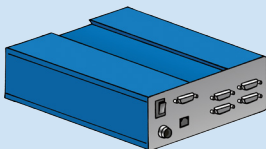
Notebook  
with DynoWare software



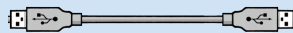
Notebook  
with DynoWare software



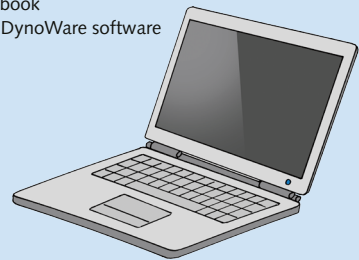
5697A...



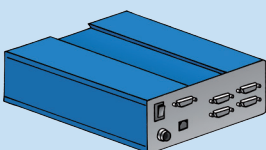
USB cable



Notebook  
with DynoWare software



5697A...



USB cable



Notebook  
with DynoWare software



# Charge amplifiers

## High-end multi-channel charge amplifier for multi-component force measurements



Technical data	Type	5080A...
Number of channels		1 ... 8
Measurement range FS	pC	±2 ... 2 200 000
Measurement range adjustment		continuously variable
Frequency range (-3 dB)	kHz	0 ... 200
Output signal	V	±10 / -8 ... 10
Modules, optional		- charge amplifier - Dual Mode (charge/Piezotron)
Power supply	VAC	100 ... 240
	VDC	11 ... 36
Input signal	Type/ connector	Piezoelectric, according to choice with: - BNC neg. - Fischer 9-pole neg.
Output signal	Type/ connector	- BNC neg. - D-Sub 15-pole neg.
Degree of protection: IEC/EN 60529		IP40
Interface		- RS-232C - USB 2.0
Case, optional		- 19" rack module (DIN 41494) - Desktop unit with support bracket
Other features		Display of mechanical variable
<b>Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a></b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>5080A_000-744</b>

### Key characteristics

This charge amplifier has outstanding properties that make very precise measurements possible, particularly when small forces are involved. Thanks to its highly flexible structural design, it can be modified in line with requirements at any time. As well as pure charge amplifier modules, we also offer dual-mode modules that allow connection of sensors with a charge output as well as sensors with integrated electronics (Piezotron).

### Accessories (optional)

	Type	
RS-232C cable		<b>1200A27</b>
Connecting cable		<b>1700A111A2</b>
Connecting cable		<b>1700A113A2</b>
Inductive proximity switch		<b>2233B</b>

# Data acquisition system with integrated charge amplifier

## Charge amplifier and data acquisition system for multi-component force measurement



Technical data	Type	5167A...
Number of channels		
Type 5167A41		4
Type 5167A81		8
Input connector		Fischer 9-pole neg.
Output connector		BNC neg.
Ethernet interface		2xRJ45
Remote control		D-Sub 9f
Measurement range	pC	±100 ... 1 000 000
Frequency range (–3 dB)	Hz	≈0 ... >45 000
Nominal output voltage	V	±10
Output impedance	Ω	10
ADC resolution	Bits	24
ADC sampling rate	kSps	625
Output rate per channel (configurable)	kSps	100
Filter type		Bessel or Butterworth
Order		2./4.
<b>Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a></b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>5167Ax1_003-278</b>

### Key characteristics

This data acquisition system includes integrated charge amplifiers and is suitable for multi-component force measurements. Control is via Ethernet. The system can also be configured with DynoWare to visualize the data. An ideal choice for measurements with stationary dynamometers in cutting processes.

### Accessories

Ethernet cable

## Dynamic multi-channel charge amplifier and data acquisition system



Technical data	Type	5165A...
Number of channels		4
Input connector		BNC neg.
Output connector		BNC neg.
Measurement range	pC	±100 ... 1 000 000
Nominal output voltage	V	±10
ADC resolution	Bits	24
ADC sampling rate	kSps	625
Output rate per channel (configurable)	kSps	100
Filter type		Bessel or Butterworth
Order		2./4.

### Key characteristics

Kistler's Type 5165A LabAmp charge amplifier is the universal laboratory amplifier for dynamic signals. Piezoelectric sensors, Piezotron sensors (IEPE) and voltage signals are all digitized and processed with high resolution. Simple data acquisition functions as well as freely configurable analog outputs highlight the extensive range of applications for this device.

# Data acquisition system

DAQ system for data acquisition from up to 28 measuring channels



Technical data	Type	5697A...
Number of measuring channels		28
Resolution	Bits	16
Sampling rate, max.		
with 1 channel	kS/s	1 000
with 8 channels	kS/s	125
with 16 channels	kS/s	62.5
Interface to PC		USB 2.0 type B, fem.
Dimensions	mm	208x70x249
Weight	kg	2.2
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	5697A_000-745

## Key characteristics

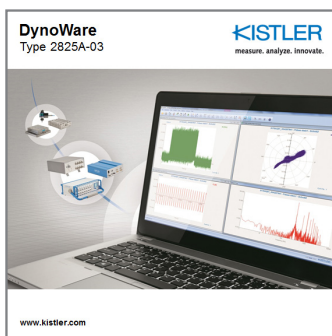
This universal-use data acquisition system samples analog signals up to 1 MHz. When combined with our DynoWare software, it can be used to control all Kistler laboratory charge amplifiers and signal conditioners. The connection with the PC is via a USB interface. DynoWare software is available in the package together with the data acquisition system.

## Accessories (optional)

	Type	
RS-232C cable		1200A27
Connecting cable	Type	1700A111A2
Connecting cable	Type	1700A113A2
Inductive proximity switch	Type	2233B

# Software

DynoWare: Windows data acquisition software



Technical data	Type	2825A...
Supported charge amplifiers	Types	5011, 5015A..., 5018A..., 5017, 5019, 5070A..., 5080A...
Supported signal conditioners for rotating dynamometers (RCD)	Types	5223B..., 5237A... 5238B...
For further information,		see the data sheet
Supported operating systems		Windows 7 Windows 8 Windows 10
Data sheet: see <a href="http://www.kistler.com">www.kistler.com</a>	No.	2825A_000-371

## Accessories

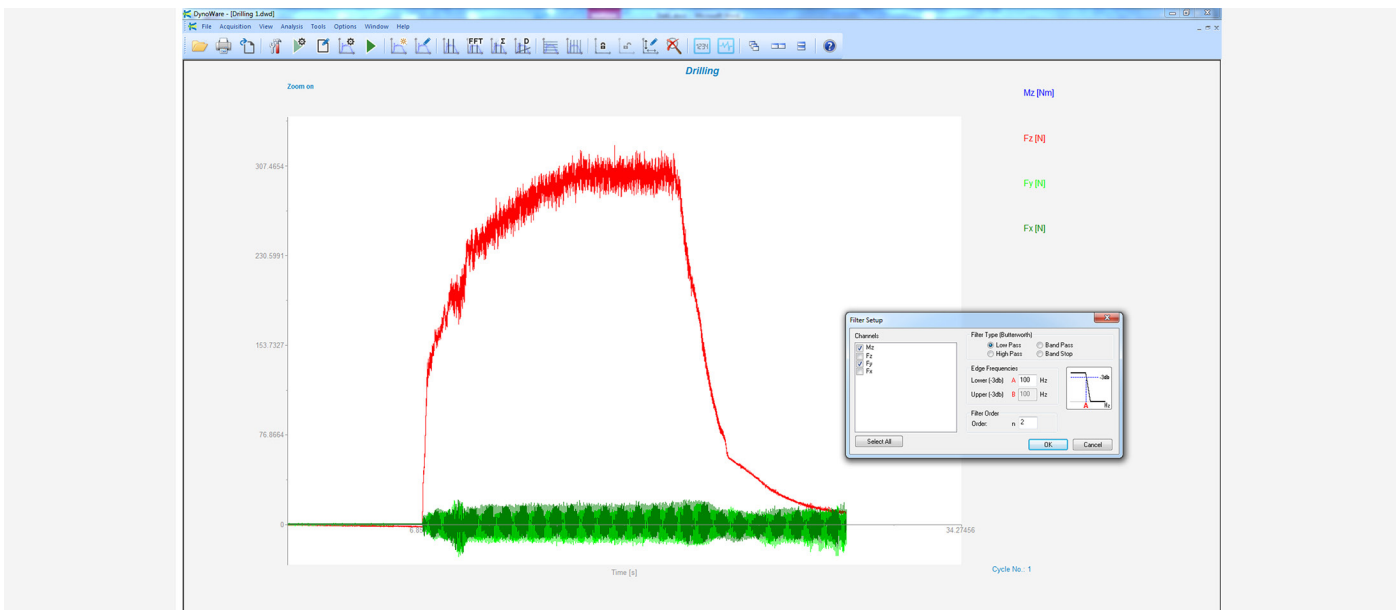
	Type	5697A...
Data acquisition system		

## DynoWare

This simple-to-operate software enables users to configure and control all laboratory charge amplifiers, LabAmp devices, and signal conditioners via RS-232C, USB or Ethernet (IEEE-488). It also offers simultaneous recording of measurement signals as well as helpful signal evaluation and calculation functions. Export of the the measurement data acquired is simple. The software can record and evaluate any desired physical measurands (including quasistatic force signals in particular). In addition to the sensor configuration, it is possible to configure the sampling rate, hardware filter, and remote control for data acquisition.

A number of evaluation functions are available to analyze the data acquired:

- virtual channels can be created for manipulated signals
- data manipulation using calculation functions
- digital filtering
- Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) on full or partial ranges
- signals can be displayed as polar coordinates
- drift compensation
- triggers

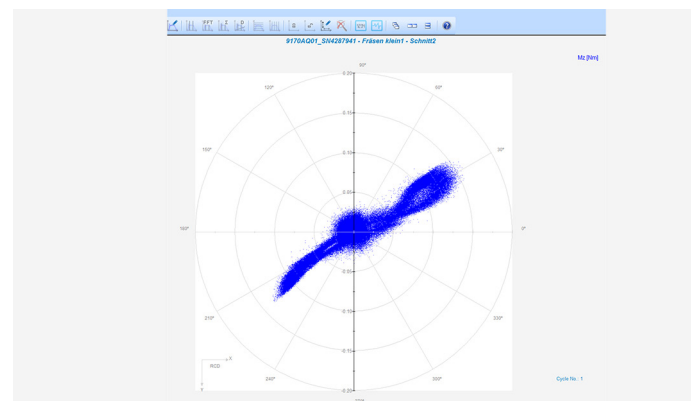
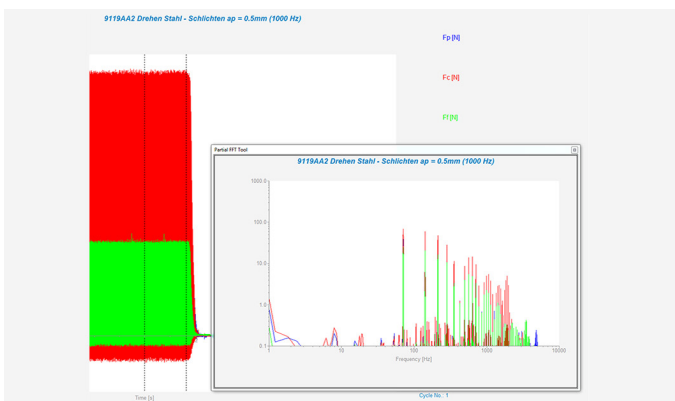


## FFT function

The FFT function in the DynoWare software displays a signal in the frequency spectrum. With the cursor, the user can select the range of the force signal for which the FFT should be displayed. This allows analysis of the smallest details in the process.


## Polar plot

Polar plot is a DynoWare function for evaluating measurements by rotating dynamometers. This special graphic plots the moment on the tool in the rotating tool coordinate system, allowing edge-based analysis of the cutting forces.




# Connecting cables, high-insulation

Cable, 8-core/3-core, temperature range -5 ... 70°C




Technical data	Type	1677A5	1687B5
Connector		Fischer 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.	Fischer 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.
Length	m	5	5
Diameter	mm	12.3 (metal sheath)	12.3 (metal sheath)
Number of conductors		8	3
Used for		6-component measurements	3-component measurements

Cable with angle connector, 8-core/3-core, temperature range: -5 ... 70°C



Technical data	Type	1679A5	1689B5
Connector		Fischer angle connector, 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.	Fischer angle connector, 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.
Length	m	5	5
Diameter	mm	12.3 (metal sheath)	12.3 (metal sheath)
Number of conductors		8	3
Used for		6-component measurements	3-component measurements

Cable, 8-core with flexible metal-mesh jacket, temperature range: -5 ... 70°C



Technical data	Type	1677AQ02	1687BQ02
Connector		Fischer 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.	Fischer 9-pole pos., flange Fischer 9-pole pos.
Length	m	5	5
Diameter	mm	10.5 (metal mesh jacket)	10.5 (metal mesh jacket)
Number of conductors		8	3
Used for		6-component measurements	3-component measurements



# Accessories

## Cable for transmission of measurement signals



Technical data	Type	1700A111A2
Connector		D-Sub 15-pole neg. D-Sub 15-pole pos.
Length	m	2
Number of conductors		15

## Cable for transmission of measurement signals



Technical data	Type	1700A113A2
Connector		D-Sub 15-pole neg. BNC pos.
Length	m	2
Number of conductors		8

## Cable for transmission of communication signals



Technical data	Type	1200A27
Connector		D-Sub 9-pole pos. D-Sub 9-pole neg.
Length	m	5
Number of conductors		9

## Waterproof protective cap for cable connection

Technical data	Type	1431A1
Connector		Fischer 9-pole pos.

# Additional sensors for frequency analyses



Technical data	Type	9722A500	9722A2000
Range	N	0 ... 500	0 ... 2 000
Overload	N	2 500	10 000
Sensitivity, nom.	mV/N	10	2
Resonant frequency	kHz	27	27



Technical data	Type	8202A10	8203A50
Range	g	±2 000	±1 000
Threshold (noise 100µVrms)	g <sub>ms</sub>	0.001	0.001
Sensitivity, nom.	pC/g	-10	-50
Resonant frequency, installed, nom.	kHz	45	24

Our full range of accelerometers is presented in catalog 900-380e.

Capto is a registered trade mark of the Sandvik Group

PowRgrip and SecuRgrip are registered trade marks of Rego-Fix AG

MEGA New Baby Chuck is a registered trade mark of BIG DAISHOWA Group

TENDO is a registered trade mark of the Schunk Group

Windows is a registered trade mark of Microsoft Corporation



## Kistler service: customized solutions from A to Z

For over 50 years, Kistler has been setting standards in cutting force measurement. As your experienced partner, we're there to help you with our extensive technical expertise and our application-specific know-how.

Kistler's team of engineers is on hand to assist you with every step of the process — from planning, commissioning and on-site system training through to routine maintenance and repairs. Drawing on our lengthy experience and thanks to close cooperation with our customers, we can supply custom solutions that meet the specific requirements of your application. To learn more about our solutions for cutting force measurement, visit: [www.kistler.com/de/de/anwendungen/sensor-technology/zerspankraftmessung](http://www.kistler.com/de/de/anwendungen/sensor-technology/zerspankraftmessung).

As well as our extensive range of measurement solutions for cutting forces, Kistler also offers sensors and systems for general test and measurement applications. Learn more at: [www.kistler.com/de/de/anwendungen/sensor-technology/test-measurement](http://www.kistler.com/de/de/anwendungen/sensor-technology/test-measurement).

### Our services at a glance

- Custom engineering
- Advisory support
- Commissioning support
- Periodic calibration
- Training courses/workshops



- Sales center
- ▲ Tech center
- Production center

## At our customers' service across the globe

Thanks to Kistler's global sales and service network, we are always close to our customers. Approximately 2000 employees at 61 locations are dedicated to the development of new measurement solutions and offer customized on-site support of individual applications.

**Biomechanics**  
Data measurement solutions for motion analysis with performance algorithms, stabilisation and regression

**Brake force measurement in the rail transport sector**  
Sensors and accessories for periodic brake force testing

**Weigh In Motion**  
Innovative measurement for a wide variety of rail data collection, assessment and real collection applications

**Test & Measurement**  
Sensors and signal conditioning hardware

**Gas turbine monitoring**  
Measuring combustion dynamics improves turbofan/turbojet performance

**Cutting force measurement**  
Precision measuring systems for machining

Find out more about our applications:  
[www.kistler.com/applications](http://www.kistler.com/applications)

**Kistler Group**  
Eulachstrasse 22  
8408 Winterthur  
Switzerland  
Tel. +41 52 224 11 11

Kistler Group products are protected by various intellectual property rights. For more details, visit [www.kistler.com](http://www.kistler.com). The Kistler Group includes Kistler Holding AG and all its subsidiaries in Europe, Asia, the Americas and Australia.

Find your local contact at [www.kistler.com](http://www.kistler.com)

**KISTLER**  
measure. analyze. innovate.